

THE WORKS OF

ALFRED TENNYSON

POET LAUREATE



VOL. V. IDYLLS OF THE KING

"Flos Regum Arthūrus."

JOSEPH OF EXETER.

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EXPERIMENTS.





BOÄDICEA.



WHILE about the shore of Mona those
Neronian legionaries
Burnt and broke the grove and altar
of the Druid and Druidess,
Far in the East Boädicéa, standing loftily
charioted,
Mad and maddening all that heard her in her
fierce volubility,
Girt by half the tribes of Britain, near the colony
Cámulodúne,
Yell'd and shriek'd between her daughters o'er a
wild confederacy.

“ They that scorn the tribes and call us Britain's
barbarous populaces,

Did they hear me, would they listen, did they pity
me supplicating ?

Shall I heed them in their anguish ? shall I brook
to be supplicated ?

Hear Icenian, Catieuchlanian, hear Coritanian,
Trinobant !

Must their ever-ravening eagle's beak and talon
annihilate us ?

Tear the noble heart of Britain, leave it gorily
quivering ?

Bark an answer, Britain's raven ! bark and blacken
innumerable,

Blacken round the Roman carrion, make the
carcase a skeleton,

Kite and kestrel, wolf and wolfkin, from the
wilderness, wallow in it,

Till the face of Bel be brighten'd, Taranis be
propitiated.

Lo their colony half-defended ! lo, their colony,
Cámulodúne !

There the horde of Roman robbers mock at a
barbarous adversary.

There the hive of Roman liars worship a glut-
tonous emperor-idiot.

Such is Rome, and this her deity : hear it, Spirit
of Cássivëlaún !

“Hear it, Gods ! the Gods have heard it, O
Icenian, O Coritanian !

Doubt not ye the Gods have answer’d, Catieu-
chlanian, Trinobant.

These have told us all their anger in miraculous
utterances,

Thunder, a flying fire in heaven, a murmur heard
aërially,

• Phantom sound of blows descending, moan of an
enemy massacred,

Phantom wail of women and children, multitudi-
nous agonies.

Bloodily flow’d the Tamesa rolling phantom
bodies of horses and men ;

Then a phantom colony smoulder’d on the re-
fluent estuary ;

Lastly yonder yester-even, suddenly giddily
tottering—

There was one who watch’d and told me—down
their statue of Victory fell.

Lo their precious Roman bantling, lo the colony
Cámulodúne,
Shall we teach it a Roman lesson? shall we care
to be pitiful?
Shall we deal with it as an infant? shall we
dandle it amorously?

“Hear Icenian, Catieuchlanian, hear Coritanian,
Trinobant!
While I roved about the forest, long and bitterly
meditating,
There I heard them in the darkness, at the
mystical ceremony,
Loosely robed in flying raiment, sang the terrible
prophetesses,
‘Fear not, isle of blowing woodland, isle of silvery
parapets!
Tho’ the Roman eagle shadow thee, tho’ the
gathering enemy narrow thee,
Thou shalt wax and he shall dwindle, thou shalt
be the mighty one yet!
Thine the liberty, thine the glory, thine the deeds
to be celebrated,

Thine the myriad-rolling ocean, light and shadow
illimitable,

Thine the lands of lasting summer, many-blos-
soming Paradises,

Thine the North and thine the South and thine
the battle-thunder of God."

So they chanted: how shall Britain light upon
auguries happier?

So they chanted in the darkness, and there cometh
a victory now.

"Hear Icenian, Catieuchlanian, hear Coritanian,
Trinobant!

Me the wife of rich Prasútagus, me the lover of
liberty,

Me they seized and me they tortured, me they
lash'd and humiliated,

Me the sport of ribald Veterans, mine of ruffian
violators!

See they sit, they hide their faces, miserable in
ignominy!

Wherefore in me burns an anger, not by blood
to be satiated.

Lo the palaces and the temple, lo the colony
Cámulodúne !

There they ruled, and thence they wasted all the
flourishing territory,

Thither at their will they haled the yellow-
ringleted Britoness—

Bloodily, bloodily fall the battle-axe, unex-
hausted, inexorable.

Shout Icenian, Catieuchlanian, shout Coritanian,
Trinobant,

Till the victim hear within and yearn to hurry
precipitously

Like the leaf in a roaring whirlwind, like the
smoke in a hurricane whirl'd.

Lo the colony, there they rioted in the city of
Cúnobelíne !

There they drank in cups of emerald, there at
tables of ebony lay,

Rolling on their purple couches in their tender
effeminacy.

There they dwelt and there they rioted ; there—
there—they dwell no more.

Burst the gates, and burn the palaces, break the
works of the statuary,

Take the hoary Roman head and shatter it, hold
it abominable,
Cut the Roman boy to pieces in his lust and
voluptuousness,
Lash the maiden into swooning, me they lash'd
and humiliated,
Chop the breasts from off the mother, dash the
brains of the little one out,
Up my Britons, on my chariot, on my chargers,
trample them under us."

So the Queen Boädicéa, standing loftily charioted,
Brandishing in her hand a dart and rolling
glances lioness-like,
Yell'd and shriek'd between her daughters in her
fierce volubility.
Till her people all around the royal chariot
agitated,
Madly dash'd the darts together, writhing barbarous lineäments,
Made the noise of frosty woodlands, when they
shiver in January,

Roar'd as when the rolling breakers boom and
 blanch on the precipices,
Yell'd as when the winds of winter tear an oak
 on a promontory.
So the silent colony hearing her tumultuous
 adversaries
Clash the darts and on the buckler beat with
 rapid unanimous hand,
Thought on all her evil tyrannies, all her pitiless
 avarice,
Till she felt the heart within her fall and flutter
 tremulously,
Then her pulses at the clamouring of her enemy
 fainted away.
Out of evil evil flourishes, out of tyranny tyranny
 buds.
Ran the land with Roman slaughter, multitudi-
 nous agonies.
Perish'd many a maid and matron, many a
 valourous legionary
Fell the colony, city, and citadel, London, Veru-
 lam, Cámulodúne.

IN QUANTITY.

ON TRANSLATIONS OF HOMER.

Hexameters and Pentameters.

THESE lame hexameters the strong-
wing'd music of Homer!

No—but a most burlesque barba-
rous experiment.

When was a harsher sound ever heard, ye
Muses, in England?

When did a frog coarser croak upon our
Helicon?

Hexameters no worse than daring Germany
gave us,

Barbarous experiment, barbarous hexameters.



MILTON.

Alcaics.

MIGHTY-MOUTH'D inventor of
harmonies,
O skill'd to sing of Time or Eternity,
God-gifted organ-voice of England,
Milton, a name to resound for ages ;
Whose Titan angels, Gabriel, Abdiel,
Starr'd from Jehovah's gorgeous armouries,
Tower, as the deep-domed empyrëan
Rings to the roar of an angel onset—
Me rather all that bowery loneliness,
The brooks of Eden mazily murmuring,
And bloom profuse and cedar arches
Charm, as a wanderer out in ocean,
Where some refulgent sunset of India
Streams o'er a rich ambrosial ocean isle,
And crimson-hued the stately palmwoods
Whisper in odorous heights of even.



Hendecasyllabics.



YOU chorus of indolent reviewers,
Irresponsible, indolent reviewers,
Look, I come to the test, a tiny poem

All composed in a metre of Catullus,
All in quantity, careful of my motion,
Like the skater on ice that hardly bears him,
Lest I fall unawares before the people,
Waking laughter in indolent reviewers.
Should I flounder awhile without a tumble
Thro' this metrification of Catullus,
They should speak to me not without a welcome,
All that chorus of indolent reviewers.
Hard, hard, hard is it, only, not to tumble,
So fantastical is the dainty metre.
Wherefore slight me not wholly, nor believe me
Too presumptuous, indolent reviewers.
O blatant Magazines, regard me rather—
Since I blush to belaud myself a moment—
As some rare little rose, a piece of inmost
Horticultural art, or half coquette-like
Maiden, not to be greeted unbenignly.



SPECIMEN OF A TRANSLATION OF
THE ILIAD IN BLANK VERSE.



O Hector spake ; the Trojans roar'd
applause ;
Then loosed their sweating horses
from the yoke,
And each beside his chariôt bound his own ;
And oxen from the city, and goodly sheep
In haste they drove, and honey-hearted wine
And bread from out the houses brought, and
heap'd
Their firewood, and the winds from off the plain
Roll'd the rich vapour far into the heaven.
And these all night upon the bridge¹ of war
Sat glorying ; many a fire before them blazed :

¹ Or, ridge.

As when in heaven the stars about the moon
Look beautiful, when all the winds are laid,
And every height comes out, and jutting peak
And valley, and the immeasurable heavens
Break open to their highest, and all the stars
Shine, and the Shepherd gladdens in his heart :
So many a fire between the ships and stream
Of Xanthus blazed before the towers of Troy,
A thousand on the plain ; and close by each
Sat fifty in the blaze of burning fire ;
And eating hoary grain and pulse the steeds,
Fixt by their cars, waited the golden dawn.

Iliad VIII. 542-561.





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IN SIX VOLUMES.

VOL. V.



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DEDICATION.



THESE to His Memory—since he held
them dear,
Perchance as finding there uncon-
sciously

Some image of himself—I dedicate,
I dedicate, I consecrate with tears—
These Idylls.

And indeed He seems to me
Scarce other than my own ideal knight,
Who revered his conscience as his king ;
Whose glory was, redressing human wrong ;

Who spake no slander, no, nor listen'd to it ;
Who loved one only and who clave to her—
Her—over all whose realms to their last isle,
Commingled with the gloom of imminent war,
The shadow of His loss drew like eclipse,
Darkening the world. We have lost him : he is
gone :

We know him now : all narrow jealousies
Are silent ; and we see him as he moved,
How modest, kindly, all-accomplish'd, wise,
With what sublime repression of himself,
And in what limits, and how tenderly ;
Not swaying to this faction or to that ;
Not making his high place the lawless perch
Of wing'd ambitions, nor a vantage-ground
For pleasure ; but thro' all this tract of years
Wearing the white flower of a blameless life,
Before a thousand peering littlenesses,
In that fierce light which beats upon a throne,
And blackens every blot : for where is he,

Who dares foreshadow for an only son
A lovelier life, a more unstain'd, than his ?
Or how should England dreaming of *his* sons
Hope more for these than some inheritance
Of such a life, a heart, a mind as thine,
Thou noble Father of her Kings to be,
Laborious for her people and her poor—
Voice in the rich dawn of an ampler day—
Far-sighted summoner of War and Waste
To fruitful strifes and rivalries of peace—
Sweet nature gilded by the gracious gleam
Of letters, dear to Science, dear to Art,
Dear to thy land and ours, a Prince indeed,
Beyond all titles, and a household name,
Hereafter, thro' all times, Albert the Good.

Break not, O woman's-heart, but still endure ;
Break not, for thou art Royal, but endure,
Remembering all the beauty of that star
Which shone so close beside Thee, that ye made

One light together, but has past and leaves
The Crown a lonely splendour.

May all love,

His love, unseen but felt, o'ershadow Thee,
The love of all Thy sons encompass Thee,
The love of all Thy daughters cherish Thee,
The love of all Thy people comfort Thee,
Till God's love set Thee at his side again!





THE COMING OF ARTHUR.





THE COMING OF ARTHUR.



EODOGRAN, the King of Cameliard,
Had one fair daughter, and none.
other child ;

And she was fairest of all flesh on earth,
Guinevere, and in her his one delight.*

For many a petty king ere Arthur came
Ruled in this isle, and ever waging war
Each upon other, wasted all the land ;
And still from time to time the heathen host
Swarm'd overseas, and harried what was left.
And so there grew great tracts of wilderness,

Wherein the beast was ever more and more,
But man was less and less, till Arthur came
For first Aurelius lived and fought and died,
And after him King Uther fought and died,
But either fail'd to make the kingdom one.
And after these King Arthur for a space,
And thro' the puissance of his Table Round,
Drew all their petty pryncedoms under him,
Their king and head, and made a realm, and
reign'd.

And thus the land of Camelard was waste,
Thick with wet woods, and many a beast therein,
And none or few to scare or chase the beast ;
So that wild dog, and wolf and boar and bear
Came night and day, and rooted in the fields,
And wallow'd in the gardens of the King.
And ever and anon the wolf would steal
The children and devour, but now and then,
Her own brood lost or dead, lent her fierce teat

To human sucklings; and the children, housed
In her foul den, there at their meat would growl,
And mock their foster-mother on four feet,
Till, straighten'd, they grew up to wolf-like
men,

Worse than the wolves. And King Leodogran
Groan'd for the Roman legions here again,
And Cæsar's eagle : then his brother king,
Urien, assail'd him : last a heathen horde,
Reddening the sun with smoke and earth with
blood,

And on the spike that split the mother's heart
Spitting the child, brake on him, till, amazed,
He knew not whither he should turn for aid.

But—for he heard of Arthur newly crown'd,
Tho' not without an uproar made by those
Who cried, ' He is not Uther's son '—the King
Sent to him, saying, ' Arise, and help us thou !
For here between the man and beast we die.'

And Arthur yet had done no deed of arms,
But heard the call, and came : and Guinevere
Stood by the castle walls to watch him pass ;
But since he neither wore on helm or shield
The golden symbol of his kinglihood,
But rode a simple knight among his knights,
And many of these in richer arms than he,
She saw him not, or mark'd not, if she saw,
One among many, tho' his face was bare.
But Arthur, looking downward as he past,
Felt the light of her eyes into his life
Smite on the sudden, yet rode on, and pitch'd
His tents beside the forest. Then he drave
The heathen, after, slew the beast, and fell'd
The forest, letting in the sun, and made
Broad pathways for the hunter and the knight
And so return'd.

For while he linger'd there,
A doubt that ever smoulder'd in the hearts

Of those great Lords and Barons of his realm
Flash'd forth and into war : for most of these,
Colleagu'ing with a score of petty kings,
Made head against him, crying, ' Who is he
That he should rule us ? who hath proven him
King Uther's son ? for lo ! we look at him,
And find nor face nor bearing, limbs nor voice,
Are like to those of Uther whom we knew.
This is the son of Gorlois, not the King ;
This is the son of Anton, not the King.'

And Arthur, passing thence to battle, felt
Tra'ail, and throes and agonies of the life,
Desiring to be join'd with Guinevere ;
And thinking as he rode, ' Her father said
That there between the man and beast they die.
Shall I not lift her from this land of beasts
Up to my throne, and side by side with me ?
What happiness to reign a lonely king,
Vext—O ye stars that shudder over me,

O earth that soundest hollow under me,
Vext with waste dreams? for saving I be join'd
To her that is the fairest under heaven,
I seem as nothing in the mighty world,
And cannot will my will, nor work my work
Wholly, nor make myself in mine own realm
Victor and lord. But were I join'd with her,
Then might we live together as one life,
And reigning with one will in everything
Have power on this dark land to lighten it,
And power on this dead world to make it live.'

Thereafter—as he speaks who tells the tale—
When Arthur reach'd a field-of-battle bright
With pitch'd pavilions of his foe, the world
Was all so clear about him, that he saw
The smallest rock far on the faintest hill,
And even in high day the morning star.
So when the King had set his banner broad,
At once from either side, with trumpet-blast,

And shouts, and clarions shrilling unto blood,
The long-lanced battle let their horses run.
And now the Barons and the kings prevail'd
And now the King, as here and there that war
Went swaying; but the Powers who walk the
world

Made lightnings and great thunders over him,
And dazed all eyes, till Arthur by main might,
And mightier of his hands with every blow,
And leading all his knighthood threw the kings
Carados, Urien, Cradlemon^{*}t of Wales,
Claudias, and Clariance of Northumberland,
The King Brandagoras of Latangor,
With Anguisant of Erin, Morganore,
And Lot of Orkney. Then, before a voice
As dreadful as the shout of one who sees
To one who sins, and deems himself alone
And all the world asleep, they swerved and brake
Flying, and Arthur call'd to stay the brands
That hack'd among the flyers, 'Ho! they yield!'

So like a painted battle the war stood
Silenced, the living quiet as the dead,
And in the heart of Arthur joy was lord.
He laugh'd upon his warrior whom he loved
And honour'd most. 'Thou dost not doubt me
King,

So well thine arm hath wrought for me to-day.'
'Sir and my liege,' he tried, 'the fire of God
Descends upon thee in the battle-field :
I know thee for my King !' Whereat the two,
For each had warder either in the fight,
Swore on the field of death a deathless love.
And Arthur said, 'Man's word is God in man :
Let chance what will, I trust thee to the death.'

Then quickly from the foughten field he sent
Ulfius, and Brastias, and Bedivere,
His new-made knights, to King Leodogran,
Saying, 'If I in aught have served thee well,
Give me thy daughter Guinevere to wife.'

Whom when he heard, Leodogran in heart
Debating—‘ How should I that am a king,
However much he help me at my need,
Give my one daughter saving to a king,
And a king’s son ?’—lifted his voice, and call’d
A hoary man, his chamberlain, to whom
He trusted all things, and of him required
His counsel : ‘ Knowest thou aught of Arthur’s
birth ?’

Then spake the hoary chamberlain and said,
‘ Sir King, there be but two old men that know :
And each is twice as old as I ; and one
Is Merlin, the wise man that ever served
King Uther thro’ his magic art ; and one
Is Merlin’s master (so they call him) Bleys,
Who taught him magic ; but the scholar ran
Before the master, and so far, that Bleys
Laid magic by, and sat him down, and wrote
All things and whatsoever Merlin did

In one great annal-book, where after-years
Will learn the secret of our Arthur's birth.'

To whom the King Leodogran replied,
'O friend, had I been holpen half as well
By this King Arthur as by thee to-day,
Then beast and man had had their share of me :
But summon here before us yet once more
Ulfus, and Brastias, and Bedivere.'

Then, when they came before him, the King
said,
'I have seen the cuckoo chased by lesser fowl,
And reason in the chase : but wherefore now
Do these your lords stir up the heat of war,
Some calling Arthur born of Gorloys,
Others of Anton ? Tell me, ye yourselves,
Hold ye this Arthur for King Uther's son ?'

And Ulfus and Brastias answer'd, 'Ay.'

Then Bedivere, the first of all his knights
Knighted by Arthur at his crowning, spake—
For bold in heart and act and word was he,
Whenever slander breathed against the King—

‘ Sir, there be many rumours on this head :
For there be those who hate him in their hearts,
Call him baseborn, and since his ways are sweet,
And theirs are bestial, hold him less than man :
And there be those who deem him more than
man,

And dream he dropt from heaven : but my belief
In all this matter—so ye care to learn—
Sir, for ye know that in King Uther’s time
The prince and warrior Gorlois, he that held
Tintagil castle by the Cornish sea,
Was wedded with a winsome wife, Ygerne :
And daughters had she borne him,—one
whereof,

Lot’s wife, the Queen of Orkney, Bellicent,

Hath ever like a loyal sister cleaved
To Arthur,—but a son she had not borne.
And Uther cast upon her eyes of love :
But she, a stainless wife to Gorlois,
So loathed the bright dishonour of his love,
That Gorlois and King Uther went to war :
And overthrown was Gorlois and slain.
Then Uther in his wrath and heat besieged
Ygerne within Tintagil, where her men,
Seeing the mighty swarm about their walls,
Left her and fled, and Uther enter'd in,
And there was none to call to but himself.
So, compass'd by the power of the King,
Enforced she was to wed him in her tears,
And with a shameful swiftmess : afterward,
Not many moons, King Uther died himself,
Moaning and wailing for an heir to rule
After him, lest the realm should go to wrack.
And that same night, the night of the new year,
By reason of the bitterness and grief

That vext his mother, all before his time
Was Arthur born, and all as soon as born
Deliver'd at a secret postern-gate
To Merlin, to be holden far apart
Until his hour should come ; because the lords
Of that fierce day were as the lords of this,
Wild beasts, and surely would have torn the
child
Piecemeal among them, had they known ; for
each
But sought to rule for his own self and hand,
And many hated Uther for the sake
Of Gorlois. Wherefore Merlin took the child,
And gave him to Sir Anton, an old knight
And ancient friend of Uther ; and his wife
Nursed the young prince, and rear'd him with
her own ;
And no man knew. And ever since the lords
Have foughten like wild beasts among them-
selves,

So that the realm has gone to wrack : but now,
This year, when Merlin (for his hour had come)
Brought Arthur forth, and set him in the hall,
Proclaiming, "Here is Uther's heir, your king,"
A hundred voices cried, "Away with him !
No king of ours ! a son of Gorlois he,
Or else the child of Anton, and no king,
Or else baseborn." Yet Merlin thro' his craft,
And while the people clamour'd for a king,
Had Arthur crown'd ; but after, the great lords
Banded, and so brake out in open war.'

Then while the King debated with himself
If Arthur were the child of shamefulness,
Or born the son of Gorlois, after death,
Or Uther's son, and born before his time,
Or whether there were truth in anything
Said by these three, there came to Cameliard,
With Gawain and young Modred, her two sons,
Lot's wife, the Queen of Orkney, Bellicent ;

Whom as he could, not as he would, the King
Made feast for, saying, as they sat at meat,

‘ A doubtful throne is ice on summer seas.
Ye come from Arthur’s court. Victor his men .
Report him ! Yea, but ye—think ye this king—
So many those that hate him, and so strong,
So few his knights, however brave they be—
Hath body enow to hold his foemen down ?’

‘ O King,’ she cried, ‘and I will tell thee: few,
Few, but all brave, all of one mind with him ;
For I was near him when the savage yells
Of Uther’s peerage died, and Arthur sat
Crown’d on the dais, and his warriors cried,
“ Be thou the king, and we will work thy will
Who love thee.” Then the King in low deep
tones,

And simple words of great authority,
Bound them by so strait vows to his own self,

That when they rose, knighted from kneeling,
 some
Were pale as at the passing of a ghost,
Some flush'd, and others dazed, as one who
 wakes
Half-blinded at the coming of a light.

‘ But when he spake and cheer’d his Table
 Round
With large divine and comfortable words
Beyond my tongue to tell thee—I beheld
From eye to eye thro’ all their Order flash
A momentary likeness of the King :
And ere it left their faces, thro’ the cross
And those around it and the Crucified,
Down from the casement over Arthur, smote
Flame-colour, vert and azure, in three rays,
One falling upon each of three fair queens,
Who stood in silence near his throne, the
 friends

Of Arthur, gazing on him, tall, with bright
Sweet faces, who will help him at his need.

‘ And there I saw mage Merlin, whose vast wit
And hundred winters are but as the hands
Of loyal vassals toiling for their liege.

‘ And near him stood the Lady of the Lake,
Who knows a subtler magic than his own—
Clothed in white samite, mystic, wonderful.
She gave the King his huge cross-hilted sword,
Whereby to drive the heathen out : a mist
Of incense curl’d about her, and her face
Wellnigh was hidden in the minster gloom ;
But there was heard among the holy hymns
A voice, as of the waters, for she dwells
Down in a deep, calm, whatsoever storms
May shake the world, and when the surface
rolls,
Hath power to walk the waters like our Lord.

' There likewise I beheld Excalibur
Before him at his crowning, borne, the sword
That rose from out the bosom of the lake, .
And Arthur row'd across and took it—rich
With jewels, elfin Urim, on the hilt,
Bewildering heart and eye—the blade so bright
That men are blinded by it—on one side,
Graven in the oldest tongue of all this world,
"Take me," but turn the blade and ye shall see
And written in the speech ye speak yourself,
"Cast me away!" And sad was Arthur's face
Taking it, but old Merlin counsell'd him, "
"Take thou and strike! the time to cast away
Is yet far-off." So this great brand the king
Took, and by this will beat his foemen down.'

Thereat Leodogran rejoiced, but thought
To sift his doubtings to the last, and ask'd,
Fixing full eyes of question on her face,
' The swallow and the swift are near akin,

But thou art closer to this noble prince,
 Being his own dear sister ; and she said,
 ' Daughter of Gorlois and Ygerne am I ;'
 ' And therefore Arthur's sister,' ask'd the King.
 She answer'd, ' These be secret things,' and sign'd
 To those two sons to pass and let them be.
 As Gawain went, and breaking into song
 Sprang out, and follow'd by his flying hair
 Ran like a colt, and leapt at all he saw :
 But Modred laid his car beside the doors,
 And there half heard , the same that afterward
~~He~~ k for the throne, and striking found his
 doom.

And then the Queen made answer, ' What
 know I ?
 For dark my mother was in eyes and hair,
 And dark in hair and eyes am I ; and dark
 Was Gorlois, yea and dark was Uther too,
 Wellnigh to blackness ; but this King is fair

Beyond the race of Britons and of men.
Moreover, always in my mind I hear
A cry from out the dawning of my life,
A mother weeping, and I hear her say,
“ O tha’ I had some brother, pretty one,
To guard thee on the rough ways of the world.” ’

‘ Ay,’ said the King, ‘ and hear ye such a cry ?
But when did Arthur chance upon thee first ? ’

‘ O King ! ’ she cried, ‘ and I will tell thee true :
He found me first when yet a little maid :
Beaten I had been for a little fault
Whereof I was not guilty , and out I ran
And flung myself down on a bank of heath,
And hated this fair world and all therein,
And wept, and wish I that I were dead ; and he—
I know not whether of himself he came,
Or brought by Merlin, who, they say, can walk
Unseen at pleasure—he was at my side,

And spake sweet words, and comforted my heart,
And dried my tears, being a child with me.
And many a time he came, and evermore
As I grew greater grew with me ; and sad
At times he seem'd, and sad with him was I
Stern too at times, and then I loved him not,
But sweet again, and then I loved him well.
And now of late I see him less and less,
But those first days had golden hours for me,
For then I surely thought he would be king.

‘ But let me tell thee now another tale :
For Bleys, our Merlin’s master, as they say,
Died but of late, and sent his cry to me,
To hear him speak before he left his life.
Shrunk like a fairy changeling lay the mage ;
And when I enter’d told me that himself
And Merlin ever served about the King,
Uther, before he died ; and on the night
When Uther in Tintagil past away

Moaning and wailing for an heir, the two
Left the still King, and passing forth to breathe,
Then from the castle gateway by the chasm
Descending thro' the dismal night—a night
In which the bounds of heaven and earth were
lost—

Beheld, so high upon the dreary deeps
It seem'd in heaven, a ship, the shape thereof
A dragon wing'd, and all from stem to stern
Bright with a shining people on the decks,
And gone as soon as seen. And then the two
Dropt to the cove, and watch'd the great sea fall,
Wave after wave, each mightier than the last,
Till last, a ninth one, gathering half the deep
And full of voices, slowly rose and plunged
Roaring, and all the wave was in a flame :
And down the wave and in the flame was borne
A naked babe, and rode to Merlin's feet,
Who stoopt and caught the babe, and cried "The
King !

Here is an heir for Uther!" And the fringe
Of that great breaker, sweeping up the strand,
Lash'd at the wizard as he spake the word,
And all at once all round him rose in fire,
So that the child and he were clothed in fire.
And presently thereafter follow'd calm,
Free sky and stars: "And this same child," he
said,

"Is he who reigns ; nor could I part in peace
Till this were told." And saying this the seer
Went thro' the strait and dreadful pass of death,
Not ever to be question'd any more
Save on the further side ; but when I met
Merlin, and ask'd him if these things were truth—
The shining dragon and the naked child
Descending in the glory of the seas—
He laugh'd as is his wont, and answer'd me
In riddling triplets of old time, and said :

"Rain, rain, and sun ! a rainbow in the sky !

A young man will be wiser by and by ;

An old man's wit may wander ere he die.

Rain, rain, and sun ! a rainbow on the lea !

And truth is this to me, and that to thee ;

And truth or clothed or naked let it be.

Rain, sun, and rain ! and the free blossom
blows :

Sun, rain, and sun ! and where is he who knows ?

From the great deep to the great deep he goes."

' So Merlin riddling anger'd me ; but thou
Fear not to give this King thine only child,
Guinevere : so great bards of him will sing
Hereafter ; and dark sayings from of old
Ranging and ringing thro' the minds of men,
And echo'd by old folk beside their fires
For comfort after their wage-work is done,
Speak of the King ; and Merlin in our time
Hath spoken also, not in jest, and sworn
Tho' men may wound him that he will not die,

But pass, again to come ; and then or now
Utterly smite the heathen underfoot,
Till these and all men hail him for their king.'

She spake and King Leodogran rejoiced,
But musing ' Shall I answer yea or nay ?'
Doubted, and drowsed, nodded and slept, and saw,
Dreaming, a slope of land that ever grew,
Field after field, up to a height, the peak
Haze-hidden, and thereon a phantom king,
Now looming, and now lost ; and on the slope
The sword rose, the hind fell, the herd was driven,
Fire glimpsed ; and all the land from roof and rick,
In drifts of smoke before a rolling wind,
Stream'd to the peak, and mingled with the haze
And made it thicker ; while the phantom king
Sent out at times a voice ; and here or there
Stood one who pointed toward the voice, the rest
Slew on and burnt, crying, ' No king of ours,
No son of Uther, and no king of ours ;'

Till with a wink his dream was changed, the haze
Descended, and the solid earth became
As nothing, but the King stood out in heaven,
Crown'd. And Leodogran awoke, and sent
Ulfius, and Brastias and Bedivere,
Back to the court of Arthur answering yea.

Then Arthur charged his warrior whom he loved
And honour'd most, Sir Lancelot, to ride forth
And bring the Queen ;—and watch'd him from
the gates :

And Lancelot past away among the flowers,
(For then was latter April) and return'd
Among the flowers, in May, with Guinevere.
To whom arrived, by Dubric the high saint,
Chief of the church in Britain, and before
The stateliest of her altar-shrines, the King
That morn was married, while in stainless white,
The fair beginners of a nobler time,
And glorying in their vows and him, his knights

Stood round him, and rejoicing in his joy.
Far shone the fields of May thro' open door,
The sacred altar blossom'd white with May,
The Sun of May descended on their King,
They gazed on all earth's beauty in their Queen,
Roll'd incense, and there past along the hymns.
A voice as of the waters, while the two
Sware at the shrine of Chrĭst a deathless love :
And Arthur said, ' Behold, thy doom is mine.
Let chance what will, I love thee to the death !'
To whom the Queen replied with drooping eyes,
' King and my lord, I love thee to the death !'
And holy Dubric spread his hands and spake,
' Reign ye, and live and love, and make the world
Other, and may thy Queen be one with thee,
And all this Order of thy Table Round
Fulfil the boundless purpose of their King !'

So Dubric said ; but when they left the shrine
Great Lords from Rome before the portal stood,

In scornful stillness gazing as they past ;
Then while they paced a city all on fire
With sun and cloth of gold, the trumpets blew,
And Arthur's knighthood sang before the King :—

‘ Blow trumpet, for the world is white with
May ;

Blow trumpet, the long night hath roll'd away !
Blow thro' the living world—“ Let the King reign.”

‘ Shall Rome or Heathen rule in Arthur's realm ?
Flash brand and lance, fall battleaxe upon helm,
Fall battleaxe, and flash brand ! Let the King
reign.

‘ Strike for the King and live ! his knights have
heard
That God hath told the King a secret word.
Fall battleaxe, and flash brand ! Let the King
reign.

‘Blow trumpet ! he will lift us from the dust.
Blow trumpet ! live the strength and die the lust !
Clang battleaxe, and clash brand ! Let the King
reign.

‘Strike for the King and die ! and if thou
diest,
The King is King, and ever wills the highest.
Clang battleaxe, and clash brand ! Let the King
reign.

‘Blow, for our Sun is mighty in his May !
Blow, for our Sun is mightier day by day !
Clang battleaxe, and clash brand ! Let the King
reign.

‘The King will follow Christ, and we the King
In whom high God hath breathed a secret thing.
Fall battleaxe, and flash brand ! Let the King
reign.’

So sang the knighthood, moving to their hall.
There at the banquet those great Lords from
Rome,
The slowly-fading mistress of the world,
Strode in, and claim'd their tribute as of yore.
But Arthur spake, 'Behold, for these have sworn
To wage my wars, and worship me their King ;
The old order changeth, yielding place to new ;
And we that fight for our fair father Christ,
Seeing that ye be grown too weak and old
To drive the heathen from your Roman wall,
No tribute will we pay : ' so those great lords
Drew back in wrath, and Arthur strove with Rome.

And Arthur and his knighthood for a space
Were all one will, and thro' that strength the King
Drew in the petty principedoms under him,
Fought, and in twelve great battles overcame
The heathen hordes, and made a realm and reign'd.



'THE ROUND TABLE.

GARETH AND BYNETTE.

GERAINT AND ENID.

MERLIN AND VIVIEN.

LANCELOT AND ELAINE.

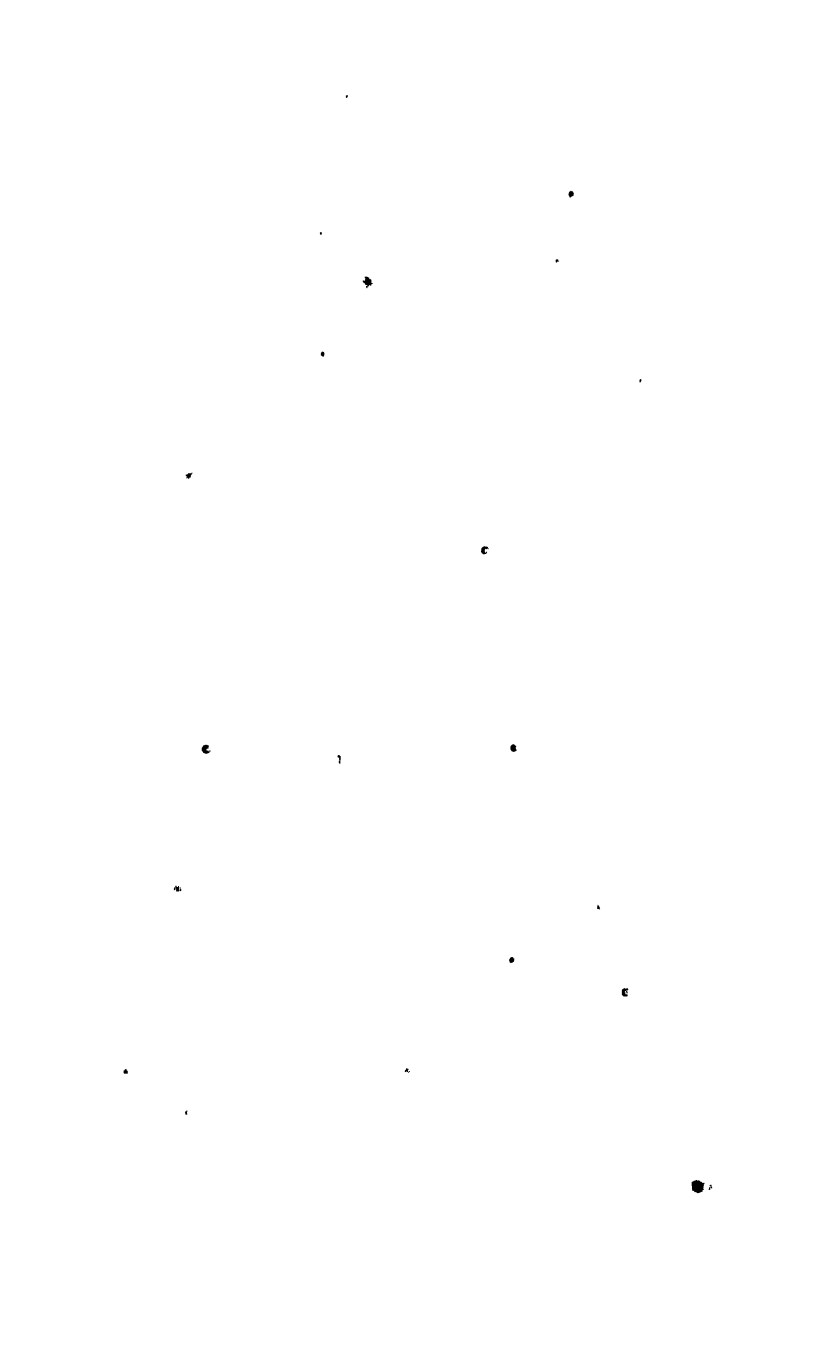
THE HOLY GRAIL.

PELLEAS AND ETTARRE.

THE LAST TOURNAMENT.

GUINEVERE.

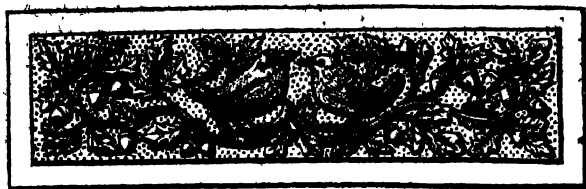






GARETH AND LYNETTE.





GARETH AND LYNETTE.



HE last tall son of Lot and Bellicent,
And tallest, Gareth, in a showerful
spring

Stared at the spate. A slender-shafted Pine

Lost footing, fell, and so was whirl'd away.

'How he went down,' said Gareth, 'as a false
knight

Or evil king before my lance if lance

Were mine to use—O senseless cataract,

Bearing all down in thy precipitancy—

And yet thou art but swollen with cold snows

And mine is living blood : thou dost His will,

The Maker's, and not knowest, and I that know,

Have strength and wit, in my good mother's hall
Linger with vacillating obedience,
Prison'd, and kept and coax'd and whistled to—
Since the good mother holds me still a child !
Good mother is bad mother unto me !
A worse were better ; yet no worse would I.
Heaven yield her for it, but in me put force
To weary her ears with one continuous prayer,
Until she let me fly dis-caged to sweep
In ever-highering eagle-circles up
To the great Sun of Glory, and thence swoop
Down upon all things base, and dash them dead
A knight of Arthur, working out his will,
To cleanse the world. Why, Gawain, when he came
With Modred hither in the summertime,
Ask'd me to tilt with him, the proven knight.
Modred for want of worthier was the judge.
Then I so shook him in the saddle, he said,
"Thou hast half prevail'd against me," said
so—he—

Tho' Modred biting his thin lips was mute,
For he is alway sullen : what care I ?'

And Gareth went, and hovering round her chair
Ask'd, ' Mother, tho' ye count me still the child,
Sweet mother, do ye love the child ?' She laugh'd,
' Thou art but a wild-goose to question it.'
' Then, mother, an ye love the child,' he said,
' Being a goose and rather tame than wild,
Hear the child's story.' ' Yea, my well-beloved,
An 'twere but of the goose and golden eggs.'

And Gareth answer'd her with kindling eyes,
' Nay, nay, good mother, but this egg of mine
Was finer gold than any goose can lay ;
For this an Eagle, a royal Eagle, laid
Almost beyond eye-reach, on such a palm
As glitters gilded in thy Book of Hours.
And there was ever haunting round the palm
A lusty youth, but poor, who often saw

The splendour sparkling from aloft, and thought
"An I could climb and lay my hand upon it;
Then were I wealthier than a leash of kings."
But ever when he reach'd a hand to climb,
One, that had loved him from his childhood, caught
And stay'd him, "Climb not lest thou break
thy neck,
I charge thee by my love," and so the boy,
Sweet mother, neither clomb, nor brake his neck,
But brake his very heart in pining for it,
And past away.'

To whom the mother said,
'True love, sweet son, had risk'd himself and
climb'd,
And handed down the golden treasure to him.'

And Gareth answer'd her with kindling eyes,
'Gold? said I gold?—ay then, why he, or she,
Or whosoe'er it was, or half the world

Had ventured—*had* the thing I spake of been
Mere gold—but this was all of that true steel,
Whereof they forged the brand Excalibur,
And lightnings play'd about it in the storm,
And all the little fowl were flurried at it,
And there were cries and clashings in the nest,
That sent him from his senses : let me go.'

Then Bellicent bemoan'd herself and said,
'Hast thou no pity upon my loneliness ?
Lo, where thy father Lot beside the hearth
Lies like a log, and all but smoulder'd out !
For ever since when traitor to the King
He fought against him in the Barons' war,
And Arthur gave him back his territory,
His age hath slowly droopt, and now lies there
A yet-warm corpse, and yet unburiable,
No more ; nor sees, nor hears, nor speaks, nor
knows.

And both thy brethren are in Arthur's hall,

Albeit neither loved with that full love
I feel for thee, nor worthy such a love :
Stay therefore thou ; red berries charm the bird
And thee, mine innocent, the jousts, the wars,
Who never knewest finger-ache, nor pang
Of wrench'd or broken limb—an often chance
In those brain-stunning shocks, and tourney-falls,
Frights to my heart ;* but stay : follow the deer
By these tall firs and our fast-falling burns ;
So make thy manhood mightier day by day ;
Sweet is the chase : and I will seek thee out
Some comfortable bride and fair, to grace
Thy climbing life, and cherish my prone year,
Till falling into Lot's forgetfulness
I know not thee, myself, nor anything.
Stay, my best son ! ye are yet more boy than man.'

Then Gareth, ' An ye hold me yet for child,
Hear yet once more the story of the child.
For, mother, there was once a King, like ours ;

The prince his heir, when tall and marriageable,
Ask'd for a bride ; and thereupon the King
Set two before him. One was fair, strong, arm'd—
But to be won by force—and many men
Desired her ; one, good lack, no man desired.
And these were the conditions of the King :
That save he won the first by force, he needs
Must wed that other, whom no man desired,
A red-faced bride who knew herself so vile,
That evermore she long'd to hide herself,
Nor fronted man or woman, eye to eye—
Yea—some she cleaved to, but they died of her.
And one—they call'd her Fame ; and one,—O

Mother,

How can ye keep me tether'd to you—Shame !
Man am I grown, a man's work must I do.
Follow the deer ? follow the Christ, the King,
Live pure, speak true, right wrong, follow the
King—

Else, wherefore born ?'

To whom the mother said,
'Sweet son, for there be many who deem him not,
Or will not deem him, wholly proven King—
Albeit in mine own heart I knew him King,
When I was frequent with him in my youth,
And heard him Kingly speak, and doubted him
No more than he, himself; but felt him mine,
Of closest kin to me; yet—wilt thou leave
Thine easeful biding here, and risk thine all,
Life, limbs, for one that is not proven King?
Stay, till the cloud that settles round his birth
Hath lifted but a little.' Stay, sweet son.'

And Gareth answer'd quickly, 'Not an hour,
So that ye yield me—I will walk thro' fire,
Mother, to gain it—your full leave to go.
Not proven, who swept the dust of ruin'd Rome
From off the threshold of the realm, and crush'd
The Idolaters, and made the people free?
Who should be King save him who makes us free?'

So when the Queen, who long had sought in
vain

To break him from the intent to which he grew,
Found her son's will unwaveringly one,
She answer'd craftily, ' Will ye walk thro' fire ?
Who walks thro' fire will hardly heed the smoke.
Ay, go then, an ye must : only one proof,
Before thou ask the King to make thee knight,
Of thine obedience and thy love to me,
Thy mother,—I demand.'

And Gareth cried,
' A hard one, or a hundred, so I go.
Nay—quick ! the proof to prove me to the quick !'

But slowly spake the mother looking at him,
' Prince, thou shalt go disguised to Arthur's hall,
And hire thyself to serve for meats and drinks
Among the scullions and the kitchen-knives,
And those that hand the dish across the bar.

Nor shalt thou tell thy name to anyone.
And thou shalt serve a twelvemonth and a day.'

For so the Queen believed that when her son
Beheld his only way to glory lead
Low down thro' villain kitchen-vassalage,
Her own true Gareth was too princely-proud
To pass thereby; so should he rest with her,
Closed in her castle from the sound of arms.

Silent awhile was Gareth, then replied,
'The thrall in person may be free in soul,
And I shall see the jousts. Thy son am I,
And since thou art my mother, must obey.
I therefore yield me freely to thy will;
For hence will I, disguised, and hire myself
To serve with scullions and with kitchen-knaves;
Nor tell my name to any—no, not the King.'

Gareth awhile linger'd. The mother's eye

Full of the wistful fear that he would go,
And turning toward him wheresoe'er he turn'd,
Perplext his outward purpose, till an hour,
When waken'd by the wind which with full voice
Swept bellowing thro' the darkness on to dawn,
He rose, and out of slumber calling two
That still had tended on him from his birth,
Before the wakeful mother heard him, went.

The three were clad like tillers of the soil.
Southward they set their faces. The birds made
Melody on branch, and melody in mid air.
The damp hill-slopes were quicken'd into green,
And the live green had kindled into flowers,
For it was past the time of Easterday.

So, when their feet were planted on the plain
That broaden'd toward the base of Camelot,
Far off they saw the silver-misty morn
Rolling her smoke about the Royal mount,

That rose between the forest and the field.
At times the summit of the high city flash'd ;
At times the spires and turrets half-way down
Prick'd thro' the mist ; at times the great gate
shone

Only, that open'd on the field below :
Anon, the whole fair city had disappear'd.

Then those who went with Gareth were
amazed,

One crying, ' Let us go no further, lord.
Here is a city of Enchanters, built
By fairy Kings.' The second echo'd him,
' Lord, we have heard from our wise men at home
To Northward, that this King is not the King,
But only changeling out of Fairyland,
Who drave the heathen hence by sorcery
And Merlin's glamour.' Then the first again,
' Lord, there is no such city anywhere,
But all a vision.'

Gareth answer'd them

With laughter, swearing he had glamour enow
In his own blood, his pryncedom, youth and hopes,
To plunge old Merlin in the Arabian sea ;
So push'd them all unwilling toward the gate.
And there was no gate like it under heaven.
For barefoot on the keystone, which was lined
And rippled like an ever-fleeting wave,
The Lady of the Lake stood : all her dress
Wept from her sides as water flowing away ;
But like the cross her great and goodly arms
Stretch'd under all the cornice and upheld :
And drops of water fell from either hand ;
And down from one a sword was hung, from one
A censer, either worn with wind and storm ;
And o'er her breast floated the sacred fish ;
And in the space to left of her, and right,
Were Arthur's wars in weird devices done,
New things and old co-twisted, as if Time
Were nothing, so inveterately, that men

Were giddy gazing there ; and over all
High on the top were those three Queens, the
friends
Of Arthur, who should help him at his need.

Then those with Gareth for so long a space
Stared at the figures, that at last it seem'd
The dragon-boughts and elvish emblemings
Began to move, seethe, twine and curl : they call'd
To Gareth, ' Lord, the gateway is alive.'

And Gareth likewise on them fixt his eyes
So long, that ev'n to him they seem'd to move.
Out of the city a blast of music peal'd.
Back from the gate started the three, to whom
From out thereunder came an ancient man,
Long-bearded, saying, ' Who be ye, my sons ?'

Then Gareth, ' We be tillers of the soil,
Who leaving share in furrow come to see

The glories of our King : but these, my men,
(Your city moved so weirdly in the mist)
Doubt if the King be King at all, or come
From fairyland ; and whether this be built
By magic, and by fairy Kings and Queens ;
Or whether there be any city at all,
Or all a vision : and this' music now
Hath scared them both, but tell thou these the
truth.'

Then that old Seer made answer playing on
him

And saying, ' Son, I have seen the good ship sail
Keel upward and mast downward in the heavens,
And solid turrets topsy-turvy in air :
And here is truth ; but an it please thee not,
Take thou the truth as thou hast told it me.
For truly, as thou sayest, a Fairy King
And Fairy Queens have built the city son ;
They came from out a sacred mountain-cleft

Toward the sunrise, each with harp in hand,
And built it to the music of their harps.
And as thou sayest it is enchanted, son,
For there is nothing in it as it seems
Saving the King; tho' some there be that hold
The King a shadow, and the city real:
Yet take thou heed of him, for, so thou pass
Beneath this archway, then wilt thou become
A thrall to his enchantments, for the King
Will bind thee by such vows, as is a shame
A man should not be bound by, yet the which
No man can keep; but, 'so thou dread to swear,
Pass not beneath this gateway, but abide
Without; among the cattle of the field.
For, an ye heard a music, like enow
They are building still, seeing the city is built
To music, therefore never built at all,
And therefore built for ever.'

Anger'd, 'Old Master, reverence thine own beard
That looks as white as utter truth, and seems
Wellnigh as long as thou art statured tall!
Why mockest thou the stranger that hath been
To thee fair-spoken ?'

But the Seer replied,
'Know ye not then the Riddling of the Bards?
"Confusion, and illusion, and relation,
Elusion, and occasion, and evasion" ?
I mock thee not but as thou mockest me,
And all that see thee, for thou art not who
Thou seemest, but I know thee who thou art.
And now thou goest up to mock the King,
Who cannot brook the shadow of any lie.'

Unmockingly the mocker ending here
Turn'd to the right, and past along the plain ;
Whom Gareth looking after said, 'My men,
Our one white lie sits like a little ghost

Here on the threshold of our enterprise.

Let love be blamed for it, not she, nor I :

Well, we will make amends.'

With all good cheer

He spake and laugh'd, then enter'd with his twain

Camelot, a city of shadowy palaces

And stately, rich in emblem and the work

Of ancient kings who did their days in stone ;

Which Merlin's hand, the Mage at Arthur's court,

Knowing all arts, had touch'd, and everywhere

At Arthur's ordinance, tipt with lessening peak

And pinnacle, and had made it spire to heaven.

And ever and anon a knight would pass

Outward, or inward to the hall : his arms

Clash'd ; and the sound was good to Gareth's ear.

And out of bower and casement shyly glanced

Eyes of pure women, wholesome stars of love ;

And all about a healthful people stept

As in the presence of a gracious king.

Then into hall Gareth ascending heard
A voice, the voice of Arthur, and beheld
Far over heads in that long-vaulted hall
The splendour of the presence of the King
Throned, and delivering doom—and look'd no
more—

But felt his young heart hammering in his ears,
And thought, 'For this half-shadow of a lie
The truthful King will doom me when I speak.'
Yet pressing on, tho' all in fear to find
Sir Gawain or Sir Modred, saw nor one
Nor other, but in all the listening eyes
Of those tall knights, that ranged about the throne,
Clear honour shining like the dewy star
Of dawn, and faith in their great King, with pure
Affection, and the light of victory,
And glory gain'd, and evermore to gain.

Then came a widow crying to the King,
'A boon, Sir King! Thy father, Uther, rest

From my dead lord a field with violence :
For howsoe'er at first he proffer'd gold,
Yet, for the field was pleasant in our eyes,
We yielded not ; and then he reft us of it
Perforce, and left us neither gold nor field.'

Said Arthur, 'Whether would ye? gold or field?'
To whom the woman weeping, 'Nay, my lord,
The field was pleasant in my husband's eye.'

And Arthur, 'Have thy pleasant field again,
And thrice the gold for Uther's use thereof,
According to the years. No boon is here,
But justice, so thy say be proven true.
Accursed, who from the wrongs his father did
Would shape himself a right !'

And while she past,
Came yet another widow crying to him,
'A boon, Sir King! Thine enemy, King, am I.

With thine own hand thou slewest my dear lord,
A knight of Uther in the Barons' war,
When Lot and many another rose and fought
Against thee, saying thou wert basely born.
I held with these, and loathe to ask thee aught.
Yet lo ! my husband's brother had my son
Thrall'd in his castle, and hath starved him dead ;
And standeth seized of that inheritance
Which thou that slewest the sire hast left the
son.

So tho' I scarce can ask it thee for hate,
Grant me some knight to do the battle for me,
Kill the foul thief, and wreak me for my son.'

Then strode a good knight forward, crying to
him,
' A boon, Sir King ! I am her kinsman, I.
Give me to right her wrong, and slay the man.'

Then came Sir Kay, the seneschal, and cried,

'A boon, Sir King! ev'n that thou grant her
none,

This railer, that hath mock'd thee in full hall—
None; or the wholesome-boon of gyve and gag.'

But Arthur, 'We sit King, to help the wrong'd
Thro' all our realm. The woman loves her lord.
Peace to thee, woman, with thy loves and hates!
The kings of old had doom'd thee to the flames,
Aurelius Emrys would have scourged thee dead,
And Uther slit thy tongue: but get thee hence—
Lest that rough humour of the kings of old
Return upon me! Thou that art her kin,
Go likewise; lay him low and slay him not,
But bring him here, that I may judge the right,
According to the justice of the King:
Then, be he guilty, by that deathless King
Who lived and died for men, the man shall die.'

Then came in hall the messenger of Mark,

A name of evil savour in the land,
The Cornish king. In either hand he bore
What dazzled all, and shone far-off as shines
A field of charlock in the sudden sun
Between two showers, a cloth of palest gold,
Which down he laid before the throne, and knelt,
Delivering, that his lord, the vassal king,
Was ev'n upon his way to Camelot ;
For having heard that Arthur of his grace
Had made his goodly cousin, Tristram, knight,
And, for himself was of the greater state,
Being a king, he trusted his liege-lord
Would yield him this large honour all the more ;
So pray'd him well to accept this cloth of gold,
In token of true heart and fealty.

Then Arthur cried to rend the cloth, to rend
In pieces, and so cast it on the hearth.
An oak-tree smoulder'd there. 'The goodly
knight !

‘What! shall the shield of Mark stand among
these?’

For, midway down the side of that long hall
A stately pile,—whereof along the front,
Some blazon’d, some but carven, and some blank,
There ran a treble range of stony shields,—
Rose, and high-arching overbrow’d the hearth.
And under every shield a knight was named :
For this was Arthur’s custom in his hall ;
When some good knight had done one noble deed,
His arms were carven only ; but if twain
His arms were blazon’d also ; but if none
The shield was blank and bare without a sign
Saving the name beneath ; and Gareth saw
The shield of Gawain blazon’d rich and bright,
And Modred’s blank as death ; and Arthur cried
To rend the cloth and cast it on the hearth.

‘ More like are we to reave him of his crown
Than make him knight because men call him king. .

The kings we found, ye know we stay'd their
hands

From war among themselves, but left them kings;
Of whom were any bounteous, merciful,
Truth-speaking, brave, good livers, them we
enroll'd

Among us, and they sit within our hall.

But Mark hath tarnish'd the great name of king,
As Mark would sully the low state of churl :

And, seeing he hath sent us cloth of gold,
Return, and meet, and hold him from our eyes,
Lest we should lap him up in cloth of lead,
Silenced for ever—craven—a man of plots,
Craft, poisonous counsels, wayside ambushings—
No fault of thine : let Kay the sencerschal
Look to thy wants, and send thee satisfied—
Accursed, who strikes nor lets the hand be
seen !'

And many another suppliant crying came

With noise of ravage wrought by beast and man,
And evermore a knight would ride away.

Last, Gareth leaning both hands heavily
Down on the shoulders of the twain, his men,
Approach'd between them toward the King, and
ask'd,
'A boon, Sir King (his voice was all ashamed),
For see ye not how weak and hungerworn
I seem—leaning on these? grant me to serve
For meat and drink among thy kitchen-knaves
A twelvemonth and a day, nor seek my name.
Hereafter I will fight.'

To him the King,
'A goodly youth and worth a goodlier boon!
But so thou wilt no goodlier, then must Kay,
The master of the meats and drinks, be thine.'

He rose and past; then Kay, a man of mien

Wan-sallow as the plant that feels itself
Root-bitten by white lichen,

‘Lo ye now !

This fellow hath broken from some Abbey, where,
God wot, he had not beef and brewis enow,
However that might chance ! but an he work,
Like any pigeon will I cram ‘his crop,
And sleeker shall he shine than any hog.’

Then Lancelot standing near, ‘Sir Seneschal,
Sleuth-hound thou knowest, and gray, and all
the hounds ;

A horse thou knowest, a man thou dost not know :
Broad brows and fair, a fluent hair and fine,
High nose, a nostril large and fine, and hands
Large, fair and fine !—Some young lad’s mys-
tery—

But, or from sheepcot or king’s hall, the boy
Is noble-natured. Treat him with all grace,

Best he should come to shame thy judging of
him.'

Then Kay, 'What murmurest thou of mystery?
Think ye this fellow will poison the King's dish?
Nay, for he spake too fool-like : mystery!
Tut, an the lad were noble, he had ask'd
For horse and armour : fair and fine, forsooth !
Sir Fine-face, Sir Fair-hands ? but see thou to it
That thine own fineness, Lancelot, some fine day
Undo thee not—and leave my man to me.'

•

So Gareth all for glory underwent
The sooty yoke of kitchen-vassalage ;
Ate with young lads his portion by the door,
And couch'd at night with grimy kitchen-knaves.
And Lancelot ever spake him pleasantly,
But Kay the seneschal who loved him not
Would hustle and harry him, and labour him
Beyond his comrade of the hearth, and set

To turn the broach, draw water, or hew wood,
Or grosser tasks ; and Gareth bow'd himself
' With all obedience to the King, and wrought
All kind of service with a noble ease
That graced the lowliest act in doing it,
And when the thralls had talk among themselves,
And one would praise the love that linkt the King
And Lancelot—how the King had saved his life
In battle twice, and Lancelot once the King's—
For Lancelot was the first in Tournament,
But Arthur mightiest on the battle-field—
Gareth was glad. Or if some other told,
How once the wandering forester at dawn,
Far over the blue tarns and hazy seas,
On Caer-Eryri's highest found the King,
A naked babe, of whom the Prophet spake,
' He passes to the Isle Avilion,
He passes and is heal'd and cannot die '—
Gareth was glad. But if their talk were foul,
Then would he whistle rapid as any lark,

Or carol some old roundelay, and so loud
That first they mock'd, but, after, revered
him.

Or Gareth telling some prodigious tale
Of knights, who sliced a red life-bubbling way
Thro' twenty folds of twisted dragon, held
All in a gap-mouth'd circle his good mates
Lying or sitting round him, idle hands,
Charm'd ; till Sir Kay, the seneschal, would come
Blustering upon them, like a sudden wind
Among dead leaves, and drive them all apart.
Or when the thralls had sport among themselves,
So there were any trial of mastery,
He, by two yards in casting bar or stone
Was counted best ; and if there chanced a joust,
So that Sir Kay nodded him leave to go,
Would hurry thither, and when he saw the knights
Clash like the coming and retiring wave,
And the spear spring, and good horse reel, the boy
Was half beyond himself for ecstasy.

So for a month he wrought among the thralls ;
But in the weeks that follow'd, the good Queen,
Repentant of the word she made him swear,
And saddening in her childless castle, sent,
Between the increscent and decrescent moon,
Arms for her son, and loosed him from his vow. .

This, Gareth hearing from a squire of Lot
With whom he used to play at tourney once,
When both were children, and in lonely haunts
Would scratch a ragged oval on the sand,
And each at either dash from either end—
Shame never made girl redder than Gareth joy.
He laugh'd ; he sprang. ' Out of the smoke, at
once

I leap from Satan's foot to Peter's knee—
These news be mine, none other's—nay, the
King's—

Descend into the city : whereon he sought
The King alone, and found, and told him all.

'I have stagger'd thy strong Gawain in a tilt
For pastime ; yea, he said it : joust can I.
Make me thy knight—in secret ! let my name
Be hidd'n, and give me the first quest, I spring
Like flame from ashes.'

Here the King's calm eye
Fell on, and check'd, and made him flush, and bow
Lowly, to kiss his hand, who answer'd him,
' Son, the good mother let me know thee here,
And sent her wish that I would yield thee thine.
Make thee my knight ? ' my knights are sworn to
vows

Of utter hardihood, utter gentleness,
And, loving, utter faithfulness in love,
And uttermost obedience to the King.'

Then Gareth, lightly springing from his knees,
' My King, for hardihood I can promise thee.
For uttermost obedience make demand

Of whom ye gave me to, the Seneschal,
No mellow master of the meats and drinks !
And as for love, God wot, I love not yet,
But love I shall, God willing.'

And the King—

'Make thee my knight in secret ? yea, but he,
Our noblest brother, and our truest man,
And one with me in all, he needs must know.'

'Let Lancelot know, my King, let Lancelot
know,
Thy noblest and thy truest !'

And the King—

'But wherefore would ye men should wonder at
you ?
Nay, rather for the sake of me, their King,
And the deed's sake my knighthood do the deed,
Than to be noised of.'

Merrily Gareth ask'd,

'Have I not earn'd my cake in baking of it?

Let be my name until I make my name!

My deeds will speak: it is but for a day.'

So with a kindly hand on Gareth's arm

Smiled the great King, and half-unwillingly

Loving his lusty youthhood yielded to him.

Then, after summoning Lancelot privily,

'I have given him the first quest: he is not proven.

Look therefore when he calls for this in hall,

Thou get to horse and follow him far away.

Cover the lions on thy shield, and see

Far as thou mayest, he be nor ta'en nor slain.'

Then that same day there past into the hall

A damsel of high lineage, and a brow

May-blossom, and a cheek of apple-blossom,

Hawk-eyes; and lightly was her slender nose

Tip-tilted like the petal of a flower;

She into hall past with her page and cried,

‘O King, for thou hast driven the foe without,
See to the foe within! bridge, ford, beset
By bandits, everyone that owns a tower
The Lord for half a league. •Why sit ye there?
Rest would I not, Sir King, an I were king,
Till ev’n the lonest hold were all as free
From cursed bloodshed, as thine altar-cloth
From that blest blood it is a sin to spill.’

‘Comfort thyself,’ said Arthur, ‘I nor mine
Rest: so my knighthood keep the vows they
swore,

The wastest moorland of our realm shall be
Safe, damsel, as the centre of this hall.
What is thy name? thy need?’

‘My name?’ she said—
‘Lynette my name; noble; my need, a knight
To combat for my sister, Lyonors,
A lady of high lineage, of great lands,

And comely, yea, and comelier than myself.
She lives in Castle Perilous ; a river
Runs in three loops about her living-place ;
And o'er it are three passings, and three knights
Defend the passings, brethren, and a fourth
And of that four the mightiest, holds her stay'd
In her own castle, and so besieges her
To break her will, and make her wed with him :
And but delays his purport till thou send
To do the battle with him, thy chief man
Sir Lancelot whom he trusts to overthrow,
Then wed, with glory ; but she will not wed
Save whom she loveth, or a holy life.
Now therefore have I come for Lancelot.'

Then Arthur mindful of Sir Gareth ask'd,
'Damsel, ye know this Order lives to crush
All wrongers of the Realm. But say, these
four,
Who be they ? What the fashion of the men ?'

' They be of foolish fashion, O Sir King,
The fashion of that old knight-errantry
Who ride abroad and do but what they will ;
Courteous or bestial from the moment, such
As have nor law nor king ; and three of these
Proud in their fantasy call themselves the Day,
Morning-Star, and Noon-Sun, and Evening-Star,
Being strong fools ; and never a whit more wise
The fourth, who alway rideth arm'd in black,
A huge man-beast of boundless savagery.
He names himself the Night and oftener Death,
And wears a helmet mounted with a skull,
And bears a skeleton figured on his arms,
To show that who may slay or scape the three
Slain by himself shall enter endless night.
And all these four be fools, but mighty men,
And therefore am I come for Lancelot.'

Hereat Sir Gareth call'd from where he rose,
A head with kindling eyes above the throng,

'A boon, Sir King—this quest!' then—for 'he
mark'd

Kay near him groaning like a wounded bull—

'Yea, King, thou knowest thy kitchen-knave am I,

And mighty thro' thy meats and drinks am I,

And I can topple over a hundred such.

Thy promise, King,' and Arthur glancing at him,

Brought down a momentary brow. 'Rough,
sudden,

And pardonable, worthy to be knight—

Go therefore,' and all hearers were amazed.

But on the damsel's forehead shame, pride,
wrath

Slew the May-white: she lifted either arm,

'Fie on thee, King! I ask'd for thy chief knight,

And thou hast given me but a kitchen-knave.'

Then ere a man in hall could stay her, turn'd,

Fled down the lane of access to the King,

Took horse, descended the slope street, and past

The weird white gate, and paused without, beside
The field of tourney, murmuring 'kitchen-knave'

Now two great entries open'd from the hall,
At one end one, that gave upon a range
Of level pavement where the King would pace
At sunrise, gazing over plain and wood ;
And down from this a lordly stairway sloped
Till lost in blowing trees and tops of towers ;
And out by this main doorway past the King.
But one was counter to the hearth, and rose
High that the highest-crêsted helm could ride
Therethro' nor graze : and by this entry fled
The damsel in her wrath, and on to this
Sir Garêth strode, and saw without the door
King Arthur's gift, the worth of half a town,
A warhorse of the best, and near it stood
The two that out of north had follow'd him :
This bare a maiden shield, a casque ; that held
The horse, the spear ; -whereat Sir Gareth loosed

A cloak that dropt from collar-bone to heel,
A cloth of roughest web, and cast it down,
And from it like a fuel-smother'd fire,
That lookt half-dead, brake bright, and flash'd
as those

Dull-coated things, that making slide apart
Their dusk wing-cases, all beneath there burns
A jewell'd harness, ere they pass and fly.
So Gareth ere he parted flash'd in arms.

Then as he donn'd the helm, and took the
shield

And mounted horse and graspt a spear, of grain
Storm-strengthen'd on a windy site, and tipt
With trenchant steel, around him slowly prest
The people, while from out of kitchen came
The thralls in throng, and seeing who had work'd
Lustier than any, and whom they could but
love,

Mounted in arms, threw up their caps and cried,
'God bless the King, and all his fellowship!'

And on thro' lanes of shouting Gareth rode
Down the slope street, and past without the gate.

So Gareth past with joy ; but as the cur
Pluckt from the cur he fights with, ere his cause
Be cool'd by fighting, follows, being named,
His owner, but remembers all, and growls
Remembering, so Sir Kay beside the door
Mutter'd in scorn of Gareth whom he used
To harry and hustle.

•
' Bound upon a quest
With horse and arms—the King hath past his
time—

My scullion knave ! Thralls to your work again,
For an your fire be low ye kindle mine !
Will there be dawn in West and eve in East ?
Begone !—my knave !—belike and like enow
Some old head-blow not heeded in his youth
So shook his wits they wander in his prime—

Crazed ! How the villain lifted up his voice;
Nor shamed to bawl himself a kitchen-knave.
Tut : he was tame and meek enow with me,
Till peacock'd up with Lancelot's noticing.
Well—I will after my loud knave, and learn
Whether he know me for his master yet.
Out of the smoke he came, and so my lance
Hold, by God's grace, he shall into the mire—
Thence, if the King awaken from his craze,
Into the smoke again.'

But Lancelot said,
'Kay, wherefore wilt thou go against the King,
For that did never he whereon ye rail,
But ever meekly served the King in thee ?
Abide : take counsel ; for this lad is great
And lusty, and knowing both of lance and
sword.'
'Tut, tell not me,' said Kay, 'ye are overfine
To mar stout knaves with foolish courtesies.'

Then mounted, on thro' silent faces rode
Down the slope city, and out beyond the gate.

But by the field of tourney lingering yet
Mutter'd the damsel, 'Wherefore did the King
Scorn me? for, were Sir Lancelot lackt, at least
He might have yielded to me one of those
Who tilt for lady's love and glory here,
Rather than—O sweet heaven! O fie upon him—
His kitchen-knave.'

To whom Sir Gareth drew
(And there were none but few goodlier than he)
Shining in arms, 'Damsel, the quest is mine.
Lead, and I follow.' She thereat, as one
That smells a foul-flesh'd agâric in the holt,
And deems it carrion of some woodland thing,
Or shrew, or weasel, nipt her slender nose
With petulant thumb and finger, shrilling, 'Hence!
Avoid, thou smellest all of kitchen-grease.'

And look who comes behind,' for there was Kay.
'Knowest thou not me? thy master? I am Kay.
We lack thee by the hearth.'

And Gareth to him,
'Master no more! too well I know thee, ay—
The most ungentle knight in Arthur's hall.'
'Have at thee then,' said Kay: they shock'd,
and Kay
Fell shoulder-slipt, and Gareth cried again,
'Lead, and I follow,' and fast away she fled.

But after sod and shingle ceased to fly
Behind her, and the heart of her good horse
Was nigh to burst with violence of the beat,
Perforce she stay'd, and overtaken spoke.

'What doest thou, scullion, in my fellowship?
Deem'st thou that I accept thee aught the more
Or love thee better, that by some device

Full cowardly, or by mere unhappiness,
Thou hast overthrown and slain thy master—
thou!—

Dish-washer and broach-turner, loon!—to me
Thou smellest all of kitchen as before.'

'Damsel,' Sir Gareth answer'd gently, 'say
Whate'er ye will, but whatsoe'er ye say,
I leave not till I finish this fair quest,
Or die therefore.'

'Ay, wilt thou finish it?
Sweet lord, how like a noble knight he talks!
The listening rogue hath caught the manner of it.
But, knave, anon thou shalt be met with, knave,
And then by such a one that thou for all
The kitchen brewis that was ever supt
Shalt not once dare to look him in the face.'

'I shall assay,' said Gareth with a smile

That madden'd her, and away she flash'd again
Down the long avenues of a boundless wood,
And Gareth following was again beknaved.

'Sir Kitchen-knave, I have miss'd the only way
Where Arthur's men are set along the wood ;
The wood is nigh as full of thieves as leaves :
If both be slain, I am rid of thee ; but yet,
Sir Scullion, canst thou use that spit of thine ?
Fight, an thou canst : I have miss'd the only way.'

So till the dusk that follow'd evensong
Rode on the two, reviler and reviled ;
Then after one long slope was mounted, saw,
Bowl-shaped, thro' tops of many thousand pines
A gloomy-gladed hollow slowly sink
To westward—in the deeps whereof a mere,
Round as the red eye of an Eagle-owl,
Under the half-dead sunset glared ; and shouts
Ascended, and there brake a servingman

Flying from out of the black wood, and crying,
'They have bound my lord to cast him in the
mere.'

Then Gareth, 'Bound am I to right the wrong'd,
But straitlier bound am I to bide with thee.'
And when the damsel spake contemptuously,
'Lead, and I follow,' Gareth cried again,
'Follow, I lead!' so down among the pines
He plunged; and there, blackshadow'd nigh the
mere,

And mid-thigh-deep in bulrushes and reed,
Saw six tall men haling a seventh along,
A stone about his neck to drown him in it.
Three with good blows he quieted, but three
Fled thro' the pines; and Gareth loosed the
stone

From off his neck, then in the mere beside
Tumbled it; oilily bubbled up the mere.
Last, Gareth loosed his bonds and on free feet
Set him, a stalwart Baron, Arthur's friend.

'Well that ye came, or else these caitiff rogues
Had wreak'd themselves on me; good cause is
theirs

To hate me, for my wont hath ever been
To catch my thief, and then like vermin here
Drown him, and with a stone about his neck;
And under this wan water many of them
Lie rotting, but at night let go the stone,
And rise, and flickering in a grimly light
Dance on the mere. Good now, ye have saved a
life

Worth somewhat as the cleanser of this wood.
And fain would I reward thee worshipfully.
What guerdon will ye?

Gareth sharply spake,
'None! for the deed's sake have I done the
deed,
In uttermost obedience to the King.
But wilt thou yield this damsel harbourage?'

Whereat the Baron saying, 'I well believe
You be of Arthur's Table,' a light laugh
Broke from Lynette, 'Ay, truly of a truth,
And in a sort, being Arthur's kitchen-knave!—
But deem not I accept thee aught the more,
Scullion, for running sharply with thy spit
Down on a rout of craven foresters.
A thresher with his flail had scatter'd them.
Nay—for thou smellest of the kitchen still.
But an this lord will yield us harbourage,
Well.'

So she spake. A league beyond the wood,
All in a full-fair manor and a rich,
His towers where that day a feast had been
Held in high hall, and many a viand left,
And many a costly cate, received the three.
And there they placed a peacock in his pride
Before the damsel, and the Baron set
Gareth beside her, but at once she rose.

'Meseems, that here is much discourtesy,
Setting this knave, Lord Baron, at my side.
Hear me—this morn I stood in Arthur's hall,
And pray'd the King would grant me Lancelot
To fight the brotherhood of Day and Night—
The last a monster unsubduable
Of any save of him for whom I call'd—
Suddenly bawls this frontless kitchen-knave,
"The quest is mine ; thy kitchen-knave am I,
And mighty thro' thy meats and drinks am I."
Then Arthur all at once gone mad replies,
"Go therefore," and so gives the quest to him—
'Him—here—a villain fitter to stick swine
Than ride abroad redressing women's wrong,
Or sit beside a noble gentlewoman.'

Then half-ashamed and part-amazed, the
lord

Now look'd at one and now at other, left
The damsel by the peacock in his pride,

And, seating Gareth at another board,
Sat down beside him, ate and then began.

‘Friend, whether thou be kitchen-knave, or not,
Or whether it be the maiden’s fantasy,
And whether she be mad, or else the King,
Or both or neither, or thyself be mad,
I ask not : but thou strikest a strong stroke,
For strong thou art and goodly therewithal,
And saver of my life ; and therefore now,
For here be mighty men to joust with, weigh
Whether thou wilt not with thy damsel back
To crave again Sir Lancelot of the King.
Thy pardon ; I but speak for thine avail,
The saver of my life.’

And Gareth said,
‘ Full pardon, but I follow up the quest,
Despite of Day and Night and Death and
Hell.’

So when, next morn, the lord whose life he
saved

Had, some brief space, convey'd them on their way
And left them with God-speed, Sir Gareth spake,
'Lead, and I follow.' Haughtily she replied,

'I fly no more : I allow thee for an hour.
Lion and stoat have isled together, knave,
In time of flood. Nay, furthermore, methinks
Some ruth is mine for thee. Back wilt thou, fool?
For hard by here is one will overthrow
And slay thee : then will I to court again,
And shame the King for only yielding me
My champion from the ashes of his hearth.'

To whom Sir Gareth answer'd courteously,
'Say thou thy say, and I will do my deed.
Allow me for mine hour, and thou wilt find
My fortunes all as fair as hers, who lay
Among the ashes and wedded the King's son.'

Then to the shore of one of those long loops
Where thro' the serpent river coil'd, they came.
Rough-thicketed were the banks and steep; the
stream

Full, narrow; this a bridge of single arc
Took at a leap; and on the further side
Arose a silk pavilion, gay with gold
In streaks and rays, and all Lent-lily in hue,
Save that the dome was purple, and above,
Crimson, a slender banneret fluttering.
And therefore the lawless warrior paced
Unarm'd, and calling, 'Damsel, is this he,
The champion thou hast brought from Arthur's
hall?

For whom we let thee pass.' 'Nay, nay,' she
said,

'Sir Morning-Star. The King in utter scorn
Of thee and thy much folly hath sent thee here
His kitchen-knave: and look thou to thyself:
See that he fall not on thee suddenly,

And slay thee unarm'd: he is not knight but
 knave.'

Then at his call, 'O daughters of the Dawn,
And servants of the Morning-Star, approach,
Arm me,' from out the silken curtain-folds
Bare-footed and bare-headed three fair girls
In gilt and rosy raiment came: their feet
In dewy grasses glisten'd; and the hair
All over glanced with dewdrop or with gem
Like sparkles in the stone Avanturine.
These arm'd him in blue arms, and gave a shield
Blue also, and thereon the morning star.
And Gareth silent gazed upon the knight,
Who stood a moment, ere his horse was brought,
Glorying; and in the stream beneath him,
 shone,
Immingled with Heaven's azure waveringly,
The gay pavilion and the naked feet,
His arms, the rosy raiment, and the star.

Then she that watch'd him, 'Wherefore stare
ye so?

Thou shakest in thy fear : there yet is time :
Flee down the valley before he get to horse.
Who will cry shame? Thou art not knight but
knave.'

Said Gareth, 'Damsel, whether knave or
knight,
Far liefer had I fight a score of times
Than hear thee so missay me and revile.
Fair words were best for him who fights for thee;
But truly foul are better, for they send
That strength of anger thro' mine arms, I know
That I shall overthrow him.'

And he that bore
The star, being mounted, cried from o'er the
bridge,
'A kitchen-knave, and sent in scorn of me!

Such fight not I, but answer scorn with scorn.
For this were shame to do him further wrong
Than set him on his feet, and take his horse
And arms, and so return him to the King.
Come, therefore, leave thy lady lightly, knave,
Avoid : for it beseemeth not a knave
To ride with such a lady.'

'Dog, thou liest.

I spring from loftier lineage than thine own.'
He spake ; and all at fiery speed the two
Shock'd on the central bridge, and either spear
Bent but not brake, and either knight at once,
Hurl'd as a stone from out of a catapult
Beyond his horse's crupper and the bridge,
Fell, as if dead ; but quickly rose and drew,
And Gareth lash'd so fiercely with his brand
He drove his enemy backward down the bridge,
The damsel crying, 'Well-stricken, kitchen-
' knave !'

Till Gareth's shield was cloven ; but one stroke
Laid him that clove it grovelling on the ground.

Then cried the fall'n, 'Take not my life : I
yield.'

And Gareth, 'So this damsel ask it of me
Good—I accord it easily as a grace.'

She reddening, 'Insolent scullion : I of thee ?
I bound to thee for any favour ask'd !'

'Then shall he die.' And Gareth there unlaced
His helmet as to slay him, but she shriek'd,

'Be not so hardy, scullion, as to slay

One nobler than thyself.' 'Damsel, thy charge
Is an abounding pleasure to me. Knight,

Thy life is thine at her command. Arise

And quickly pass to Arthur's hall, and say

His kitchen-knave hath sent thee. See thou
crave

His pardon for thy breaking of his laws.

Myself, when I return, will plead for thee.

Thy shield is mine—farewell ; and, damsel, thou,
Lead, and I follow.'

And fast away she fled.

Then when he came upon her, spake, 'Methought,
Knave, when I watch'd thee striking on the bridge
The savour of thy kitchen came upon me
A little faintlier : but the wind hath changed :
I scent it twenty-fold.' And then she sang,
" O morning star" (not that tall felon there
Whom thou by sorcery or unhappiness
Or some device, hast foully overthrown),
" O morning star that smilest in the blue,
O star, my morning dream hath proven true,
Smile sweetly, thou ! my love hath smiled on me."

' But thou begone, take counsel, and away, *
For hard by here is one that guards a ford—
The second brother in their fool's parable—
Will pay thee all thy wages, and to boot.

Care not for shame: thou art not knight but
knave.'

To whom Sir Gareth answer'd, laughingly,
'Parables? Hear a parable of the knave.
When I was kitchen-knave among the rest
Fierce was the hearth, and one of my co-mates
Own'd a rough dog, to whom he cast his coat,
"Guard it," and there was none to meddle with it.
And such a coat art thou, and thee the King
Gave me to guard, and such a dog am I,
To worry, and not to flee—and—knight or
knave—

The knave that doth thee service as full knight
Is all as good, meseems, as any knight
Toward thy sister's freeing.'

'Ay, Sir Knave!

Ay, knave, because thou strikest as a knight,
Being but knave, I hate thee all the more.'

‘Fair damsel, you should worship me the more,
That, being but knave, I throw thine enemies.’

‘Ay, ay,’ she said, ‘but thou shalt meet thy
match.’

So when they touch’d the second river-loop,
Huge on a huge red horse, and all in mail
Burnish’d to blinding, shone the Noonday Sun
Beyond a raging shallow. As if the flower,
That blows a globe of after arrowlets,
Ten thousand-fold had grown, flash’d the fierce
shield,

All sun ; and Gareth’s eyes had flying blots
Before them when he turn’d from watching him.
He from beyond the roaring shallow roar’d,
‘What doest thou, brother, in my marches here ?’
And she athwart the shallow shrill’d again,
‘Here is a kitchen-knave from Arthur’s hall
Hath overthrown thy brother, and hath his arms.’

‘Ugh!’ cried the Sun, and vizoring up a red
And cipher face of rounded foolishness,
Push’d horse across the foamings of the ford,
Whom Gareth met midstream: no room was there
For lance or tourney-skill: four strokes they
struck

With sword, and these were mighty; the new
knight

Had fear he might be shamed; but as the Sun
Heaved up a ponderous arm to strike the fifth,
The hoof of his horse slipt in the stream, the
stream

Descended, and the Sun was wash’d away.

Then Gareth laid his lance athwart the ford;
So drew him home; but he that fought no more,
As being all bone-batter’d on the rock,
Yielded; and Gareth sent him to the King.
‘Myself when I return will plead for thee.
‘Lead, and I follow.’ Quietly she led.

‘Hath not the good wind, damsel, changed again?’

‘Nay, not a point: nor art thou victor here.

There lies a ridge of slate across the ford;

His horse thereon stumbled—ay, for I saw it.

“O Sun” (not this strong fool whom thou, Sir
Knave,

Hast overthrown thro’ mere unhappiness),

“O Sun, that wakenest all to bliss or pain,

O moon, that layest all to sleep again,

Shine sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on
me.”

‘What knowest thou of lovesong or of love?’

Nay, nay, God wot, so thou wert nobly born,

Thou hast a pleasant presence. Yea, perchance,—

“O dewy flowers that open to the sun,

O dewy flowers that close when day is done,

Blow sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.”

‘What knowest thou of flowers, except, belike,
To garnish meats with? hath not our good King
Who lent me thee, the flower of kitchendom,
A foolish love for flowers? what stick ye round
The pasty? wherewithal deck the boar’s head?
Flowers? nay, the boar hath rosemaries and bay.

“O birds, that warble to the morning sky,
O birds that warble as the day goes by,
Sing sweetly: twice my love hath smiled on me.”

‘What knowest thou of birds, lark, mavis,
merle,

Linnet? what dream ye when they utter forth
May-music growing with the growing light,
Their sweet sun-worship? these be for the snare
(So runs thy fancy) these be for the spit,
Larding and basting. See thou have not now
Larded thy last, except thou turn and fly.
There stands the third fool of their allegory.’

For there beyond a bridge of treble bow,
All in a rose-red from the west, and all
Naked it seem'd, and glowing in the broad
Deep-dimpled current underneath, the knight,
That named himself the Star of Evening, stood.

And Gareth, 'Wherefore waits the madman
there

Naked in open dayshine?' 'Nay,' she cried,
'Not naked, only wrapt in harden'd skins
That fit him like his own; and so ye cleave
His armour off him, these will turn the blade.'

Then the third brother shouted o'er the bridge,
'O brother-star, why shine ye here so low?
Thy ward is higher up: but have ye slain
The damsel's champion?' and the damsel cried,

'No star of thine, but shot from Arthur's heaven
With all disaster unto thine and thee!',

For both thy younger brethren have gone down
Before this youth ; and so wilt thou, Sir Star ;
Art thou not old ?

‘Old, damsel, old and hard
Old, with the might and breath of twenty boys.’
Said Gareth, ‘Old, and over-bold in brag !
But that same strength which threw the Morning
Star
Can throw the Evening.’

Then that other blew
A hard and deadly note upon the horn.
‘Approach and arm me !’ With slow steps
from out
An old storm-beaten, russet, many-stain’d
Pavilion, forth a grizzled damsel came,
And arm’d him in old arms, and brought a helm
With but a drying evergreen for crest,
And gave a shield whereon the Star of Even

Half-tarnish'd and half-bright, his emblem, shone.

But when it glitter'd o'er the saddle-bow,

They madly hurl'd together on the bridge ;

And Gareth overthrew him, lighted, drew,

There met him drawn, and overthrew him again,

But up like fire he started : and as oft

As Gareth brought him grovelling on his knees,

So many a time he vaulted up again ;

Till Gareth panted hard, and his great heart,

Foredooming all his trouble was in vain,

Labour'd within him, for he seem'd as one

That all in later, sadder age begins

To war against ill uses of a life,

But these from all his life arise, and cry,

'Thou hast made us lords, and canst not put us
down !'

He half despairs ; so Gareth seem'd to strike

Vainly, the damsel clamouring all the while,

'Well done, knave-knight, well stricken, O good
knight-knave—

O knave, as noble as any of all the knights—
Shame me not, shame me not. I have prophesied—
Strike, thou art worthy of the Table Round—
His arms are old, he trusts the harden'd skin—
Strike—strike—the wind will never change again.'

And Gareth hearing ever stronglier smote,
And hew'd great pieces of his armour off him,
But lash'd in vain against the harden'd skin,
And could not wholly bring him under, more
Than loud Southwesterns, rolling ridge on ridge,
The buoy that rides at sea, and dips and springs
For ever ; till at length Sir Gareth's brand
Clash'd his, and brake it utterly to the hilt.

'I have thee now ;' but forth that other sprang,
And, all unknightlike, writhed his wiry arms
Around him, till he felt, despite his mail,
Strangled, but straining ev'n his uttermost
Cast, and so hurl'd him headlong o'er the bridge
Down to the river, sink or swim, and cried,
'Lead, and I follow.'

But the damsel said,

'I lead no longer ; ride thou at my side ;
Thou art the kingliest of all kitchen-knaves.

“ O trefoil, sparkling on the rainy plain,
① rainbow with three colours after rain,
Shine sweetly : thrice my love hath smiled on
me.”

'Sir,—and, good faith, I fain had added—
Knight,
But that I heard thee call thyself a knave,—
Shamed am I that I so rebuked, reviled,
Missaid thee ; noble I am ; and thought the King
Scorn'd me and mine ; and now thy pardon,
friend,
For thou hast ever answer'd courteously,
And wholly bold thou art, and meek withal
As any of Arthur's best, but, being knave,
Hast mazed my wit : I marvel what thou art.'

‘Damsel,’ he said, ‘you be not all to blame,
Saving that you mistrusted our good King
Would handle scorn, or yield you, asking, one
Not fit to cope your quest. You said your say;
Mine answer was my deed. Good sooth! I hold
He scarce is knight, yea but half-man, nor meet
To fight for gentle damsel, he, who lets .
His heart be stirr’d with any foolish heat
At any gentle damsel’s waywardness.
Shamed? care not! thy foul sayings fought
for me :

And seeing now thy words are fair, methinks
There rides no knight, not Lancelot, his great self,
Hath force to quell me.’

Nigh upon that hour
When the lone henn forgets his melancholy,
Lets down his other leg, and stretching, dreams
Of goodly supper in the distant pool,
Then turn’d the noble damsel smiling at him,

And told him of a cavern hard at hand,
Where bread and baken meats and good red wine
Of Southland, which the Lady Lyonors
Had sent her coming champion, waited him.

Anon they past a narrow comb wherein
Were slabs of rock with figures, knights on horse,
Sculptured, and deckt in slowly-waning hues.
'Sir Knave, my knight, a hermit once was here,
Whose holy hand hath fashion'd on the rock
The war of Time against the soul of man.
And yon four fools have suck'd their allegory
From these damp walls, and taken but the form.
Know ye not these?' and Gareth lookt and read—
In letters like to those the vexillary
Hath left crag-carven o'er the streaming Gelt—
'PHOSPHORUS,' then 'MERIDIES'—'HESPERUS'—
'NOX'—'MORS,' beneath five figures, armed men,
Slab after slab, their faces forward all,
And running down the Soul, a Shape that fled

With broken wings, torn raiment and loose hair,
For help and shelter to the hermit's cave.
'Follow the faces, and we find it. Look,
Who comes behind?'

For one—delay'd at first
Thro' helping back the dislocated Kay
To Camelot, then by what thereafter chanced,
The damsel's headlong error thro' the wood—
Sir Lancelot, having swum the river-loops—
His blue shield-lions cover'd—softly drew
Behind the twain, and when he saw the star
Gleam, on Sir Gareth's turning to him, cried,
'Stay, felon knight, I avenge me for my friend.'
And Gareth crying prick'd against the cry;
But when they closed—in a moment—at one
touch
Of that skill'd spear, the wonder of the world—
Went sliding down so easily, and fell,
That when he found the grass within his hands

He laugh'd; the laughter jarr'd upon Lynette:
 Harshly she ask'd him, 'Shamed and overthrown,
 And tumbled back into the kitchen-knave,
 Why laugh ye? that ye blew your boast in
 vain?'

'Nay, noble damsel, but that I, the son'
 Of old King Lot and good Queen Bellicent,
 And victor of the bridges and the ford,
 And knight of Arthur, here lie thrown by whom
 I know not, all thro' mere unhappiness—
 Device and sorcery and unhappiness—
 Out, sword; we are thrown!' And Lancelot
 answer'd, 'Prince,

O Gareth—thro' the mere unhappiness
 Of one who came to help thee, not to harm,
 Lancelot, and all as glad to find thee whole,
 As on the day when Arthur knighted him.'

Then Gareth, 'Thou—Lancelot!—thine the
 hand

That threw me? An some chance to mar the
boast

Thy brethren of thee make—which could not
chance—

Had sent thee down before a lesser spear,
Shamed had I been, and sad—O Lancelot—thou !

Whereat the maiden, petulant, ‘Lancelot,
Why came ye not, when call’d’ and wherefore now
Come ye, not call’d? I gloried in my knave,
Who being still rebuked, would answer still,
Courteous as any knight—but now, if knight,
The marvel dies, and leaves me fool’d and
trick’d,

And only wondering wherefore play’d upon :
And doubtful whether I and mine be scorn’d
Where should be truth if not in Arthur’s hall,
In Arthur’s presence? Knight, knave, prince and
fool,

I hate thee and for ever.’

And Lancelot said,

'Blessed be thou, Sir Gareth! knight art thou
To the King's best wish. O damsel, be you wise
To call him shamed, who is but overthrown?
Thrown have I been, nor once, but many a time.
Victor from vanquish'd issues at the last,
And overthrower from being overthrown.
With sword we have not striven; and thy good
horse

And thou are weary; yet not less I felt
Thy manhood thro' that wearied lance of thine.
Well hast thou done; for all the stream is freed,
And thou hast wreak'd his justice on his foes,
And when reviled, hast answer'd graciously,
And makest merry when overthrown. Prince,
Knight,
Hail, Knight and Prince, and of our Table
Round!

And then when turning to Lynette he told

The tale of Gareth, petulantly she said,
'Ay well—ay well—for worse than being fool'd
Of others, is to fool one's self. A cave,
Sir Lancelot, is hard by, with meats and drinks
And forage for the horse, and flint for fire.
But all about it flies a honeysuckle.
Seek, till we find.' And when they sought and
found,
Sir Gareth drank and ate, and all his life
Past into sleep ; on whom the maiden gazed.
'Sound sleep be thine ! sound cause to sleep hast
thou.
Wake lusty ! Seem I not as tender to him
As any mother ? Ay, but such a one
As all day long hath rated at her child,
And vext his day, but blesses him asleep—
Good lord, how sweetly smells the honeysuckle
In the hush'd night, as if the world were one
Of utter peace, and love, and gentleness !
O Lancelot, Lancelot'—and she clapt her hands—

‘Full merry am I to find my goodly knave
Is knight and noble. See now, sworn have I,
Else yon black felon had not let me pass,
To bring thee back to do the battle with him.
Thus an thou goest, he will fight thee first ;
Who doubts thee victor ? so will my knight-knave
Miss the full flower of this accomplishment.’

Said Lancelot, ‘Peradventure he, you name,
May know my shield. Let Gareth, an he will,
Change his for mine, and take my charger, fresh,
Not to be spurr’d, loving the battle as well
As he that rides him.’ ‘Lancelot-like,’ she said,
‘Courteous in this, Lord Lancelot, as in all.’

And Gareth, wakening, fiercely clutch’d the
shield ;
‘Ramp ye lance-splintering lions, on whom all
spears
Are rotten sticks ! ye seem agape to roar !

Yea, ramp and roar at leaving of your lord!—

Care not, good beasts, so well I care for you.

O noble Lancelot, from my hold on these

Streams virtue—fire—thro' one that will not
shame

Even the shadow of Lancelot under shield.

Hence : let us go.'

Silent the silent field

They traversed. Arthur's harp tho' summer-wan,

In counter motion to the clouds, allured

The glance of Gareth dreaming on his liege.

A star shot : 'Lo,' said Gareth, 'the foe falls!'

An owl whoopt : 'Hark the victor pealing there!'

Suddenly she that rode upon his left

Clung to the shield that Lancelot lent him,
crying,

'Yield, yield him this again : 'tis he must fight :

I curse the tongue that all thro' yesterday

Reviled thee, and hath wrought on Lancelot now

To lend thee horse and shield : wonders ye have
‘done’;

Miracles ye cannot : here is glory enow
In having flung the three : I see thee maim’d,
Mangled : I swear thou canst not fling the fourth.

‘And wherefore, damsel ? tell me all ye know.
You cannot scare me ; nor rough face, or voice,
Brute bulk of limb, or boundless savagery
Appal me from the quest.’

‘Nay, Prince,’ she cried,
‘God wot, I never look’d upon the face,
Seeing he never rides abroad by day ;
But watch’d him have I like a phantom pass
Chilling the night : nor have I heard the voice.
Always he made his mouthpiece of a page
Who came and went, and still reported him
As closing in himself the strength of ten,
And when his anger tare him, massacring

Man, woman, lad and girl—yea, the soft babe !
Some hold that he hath swallow'd infant-flesh,
Monster ! O Prince, I went for Lancelot first,
The quest is Lancelot's : give him back the shield.'

Said Gareth laughing, ' An he fight for this,
Belike he wins it as the better man :
Thus—and not else !'

But Lancelot on him urged
All the devisings of their chivalry
When one might meet a mightier than himself ;
How best to manage horse, lance, sword and
shield,
And so fill up the gap where force might fail
With skill and fineness. Instant were his words.

Then Gareth, ' Here be rules. I know but one—
To dash against mine enemy and to win.
Yet have I watch'd thee victor in the joust,

And seen thy way.' 'Heaven help thee,' sigh'd

Lynette.

Then for a space, and under cloud that grew
To thunder-gloom palling all stars, they rode
In converse till she made her palfrey halt,
Lifted an arm, and softly whisper'd, 'There.'
And all the three were silent seeing, pitch'd
Beside the Castle Perilous on flat field,
A huge pavilion like a mountain peak
Sunder the glooming crimson on the marge,
Black, with black banner, and a long black horn
Beside it hanging; which Sir Gareth graspt,
And so, before the two could hinder him,
Sent all his heart and breath thro' all the horn.
Echo'd the walls; a light twinkled; anon
Came lights and lights, and once again he blew;
Whereon were hollow tramplings up and down
And muffled voices heard, and shadows past;
Till high above him, circled with her maids,

The Lady Lyonors at a window stood,
Beautiful among lights, and waving to him
White hands, and courtesy ; but when the Prince
Three times had blown—after long hush—at
last—

The huge pavilion slowly yielded up,
Thro' those black foldings, that which housed
therein.

High on a nightblack horse, in nightblack arms,
With white breast-bone, and barren ribs of Death,
And crown'd with fleshless laughter—some ten
steps—

In the half-light—thro' the dim dawn—advanced
The monster, and then paused, and spake no word.

• But Gareth spake and all indignantly,
'Fool, for thou hast, men say, the strength of ten,
Canst thou not trust the limbs thy God hath given,
But must, to make the terror of thee more,
Trick thyself out in ghastly imageries

Of that which Life hath done with, and the clod,
Less dull than thou, will hide with mantling
flowers

As if for pity?' But he spake no word;
Which set the horror higher : a maiden swoon'd ;
The Lady Lyonors wrung her hands and wept,
As doom'd to be the bride of Night and Death ;
Sir Gareth's head prickled beneath his helm ;
And ev'n Sir Lancelot thro' his warm blood felt
Ice strike, and all that mark'd him were aghast.

At once Sir Lancelot's charger fiercely neigh'd,
And Death's dark war-horse bounded forward
with him.

Then those that did not blink the terror, saw
That Death was cast to ground, and slowly rose.
But with one stroke Sir Gareth split the skull.
Half fell to right and half to left and lay.
Then with a stronger buffet he clove the helm
As throughly as the skull ; and out from this

*

Issued the bright face of a blooming boy
Fresh as a flower new-born, and crying, 'Knight,
Slay me not: my three brethren bad me do it,
To make a horror all about the house,
And stay the world from Lady Lyonors.
They never dream'd the passes would be past.'
Answer'd Sir Gareth graciously to one
Not many a moon his younger, 'My fair child,
What madness made thee challenge the chief
knight

Of Arthur's hall?' 'Fair Sir, they bad me do it.
They hate the King, and Lancelot, the King's
friend,

They hoped to slay him somewhere on the stream,
They never dream'd the passes could be past.'

•

Then sprang the happier day from underground ;
And Lady Lyonors and her house, with dance
And revel and song, made merry over Death,
As being after all their foolish fears

And horrors only proven a blooming boy.
So large mirth lived and Gareth won the quest.

And he that told the tale in older times
Says that Sir Gareth wedded Lyonors,
But he, that told it later, says Lynette.





GERAINT AND ENID.





GERAINT AND ENID.

I.



THE brave Geraint, a knight of Arthur's
court,

A tributary prince of Devon, one
Of that great Order of the Table Round,
Had married Enid, Yniol's only child,
And loved her, as he loved the light of Heaven.
And as the light of Heaven varies, now
At sunrise, now at sunset, now by night
With moon and trembling stars, so loved Geraint
To make her beauty vary day by day,
In crimsons and in purples and in gems.
And Enid, but to please her husband's eye,

Forgetful of the tilt and tournament,
Forgetful of his glory and his name,
Forgetful of his princedom and its cares.
And this forgetfulness was hateful to her.
And by and by the people, when they met
In twos and threes, or fuller companies,
Began to scoff and jeer and babble of him
As of a prince whose manhood was all gone,
And molten down in mere uxoriousness.
And this she gather'd from the people's eyes :
This too the women who attired her head,
To please her, dwelling on his boundless love,
Told Enid, and they sadden'd her the more :
And day by day she thought to tell Geraint,
But could not out of bashful delicacy ;
While he that watch'd her sadden, was the more
Suspicious that her nature had a taint.

At last, it chanced that on a summer morn
(They sleeping each by either) the new sun

Beat thro' the blindless casement of the room,
And heated the strong warrior in his dreams;
Who, moving, cast the coverlet aside,
And bared the knotted column of his throat,
The massive square of his heroic breast,
And arms on which the standing muscle sloped,
As slopes a wild brook o'er a little stone,
Running too vehemently to break upon it.
And Enid woke and sat beside the couch,
Admiring him, and thought within herself,
Was ever man so grandly made as he?
Then, like a shadow, past the people's talk
And accusation of uxoriousness
Across her mind, and bowing over him,
Low to her own heart piteously she said:

' O noble breast and all-puissant arms,
Am I the cause, I the poor cause, that men
Reproach you, saying all your force is gone?
I *am* the cause, because I dare not speak

And tell him what I think* and what they say.

And yet I hate that he should linger here ;

I cannot love my lord and not his name.

Far liefer had I gird his harness on him,

And ride with him to battle and stand by,

And watch his mightful hand striking great
blows

At caitiffs and at wrongers of the world.

Far better were I laid in the dark earth,

Not hearing any more his noble voice,

Not to be folded more in these dear arms,

And darken'd from the high light in his eyes,

Than that my lord thro' me should suffer shame.

Am I so bold, and could I so stand by,

And see my dear lord wounded in the strife,

Or maybe pierced to death before mine eyes,

And yet not dare to tell him what I think,

And how men slur him, saying all his force

Is melted into mere effeminacy ?

O me, I fear that I am no true wife.'

Half inwardly, half audibly she spoke,
And the strong passion in her made her weep
True tears upon his broad and naked breast,
And these awoke him, and by great mischance
He heard but fragments of her later words,
And that she fear'd she was not a true wife.
And then he thought, 'In spite of all my care,
For all my pains, poor man, for all my pains,
She is not faithful to me, and I see her
Weeping for some gay knight in Arthur's hall.'
Then tho' he loved and revered her too much
To dream she could be guilty of foul act,
Right thro' his manful breast darted the pang
That makes a man, in the sweet face of her
Whom he loves most, lonely and miserable.
At this he hurl'd his huge limbs out of bed,
And shook his drowsy squire awake and cried,
'My charger and her palfrey;' then to her,
'I will ride forth into the wilderness;
For tho' it seems my spurs are yet to win,

I have not fall'n so low as some would wish.
And thou, put on thy worst and meanest dress
And ride with me.' And Enid ask'd, amazed,
'If Enid errs, let Enid learn her fault.'
But he, 'I charge thee, ask not, but obey.'
Then she bethought her of a faded silk,
A faded mantle and a faded veil,
And moving toward a cedarn cabinet,
Wherein she kept them folded reverently
With sprigs of summer laid between the folds,
She took them, and array'd herself therein,
Remembering when first he came on her
Drest in that dress, and how he loved her in it,
And all her foolish fears about the dress,
And all his journey to her, as himself
Had told her, and their coming to the court.

For Arthur on the Whitsuntide before
Held court at old Caerleon upon Usk.
There on a day, he sitting high in hall,

Before him came a forester of Dean,
Wet from the woods, with notice of a hart
Taller than all his fellows, milky-white,
First seen that day: these things he told the King.
Then the good King gave order to let blow
His horns for hunting on the morrow morn.
And when the Queen petition'd for his leave
To see the hunt, allow'd it easily.
So with the morning all the court were gone.
But Guinevere lay late into the morn,
Lost in sweet dreams, and dreaming of her love
For Lancelot, and forgetful of the hunt;
But rose at last, a single maiden with her,
Took horse, and forded Usk, and gain'd the wood;
There, on a little knoll beside it, stay'd
Waiting to hear the hounds; but heard instead
A sudden sound of hoofs, for Prince Geraint,
Late also, wearing neither hunting-dress
Nor weapon, save a golden-hilted brand,
Came quickly flashing thro' the shallow ford

Behind them, and so gallop'd up the knoll.

A purple scarf, at either end whereof

There swung an apple of the purest gold,

Sway'd round about him, as he gallop'd up

To join them, glancing like a dragon-fly

In summer suit and silks of holiday.

Low bow'd the tributary Prince, and she,

Sweetly and statelily, and with all grace

Of womanhood and queenhood, answer'd him :

'Late, late, Sir Prince,' she said, 'later than we!'

'Yea, noble Queen,' he answer'd, 'and so late

That I but come like you to see the hunt,

Not join it.' 'Therefore wait with me,' she said;

'For on this little knoll, if anywhere,

There is good chance that we shall hear the

hounds :

Here often they break covert at our feet.'

And while they listen'd for the distant hunt,

And chiefly for the baying of Cavall,

King Arthur's hound of deepest mouth, there rode
Full slowly by a knight, lady, and dwarf;
Whereof the dwarf lagg'd latest, and the knight
Had vizor up, and show'd a youthful face,
Imperious, and of haughtiest lineaments.
And Guinevere, not mindful of his face
In the King's hall, desired his name, and sent
Her maiden to demand it of the dwarf;
Who being vicious, old and irritable,
And doubling all his master's vice of pride,
Made answer sharply that she should not know.
'Then will I ask it of himself,' she said.
'Nay, by my faith, thou shalt not,' cried the
dwarf;
'Thou art not worthy ev'n to speak of him;'
And when she put her horse toward the knight,
Struck at her with his whip, and she return'd
Indignant to the Queen; whereat Geraint
Exclaiming, 'Surely I will learn the name,'
Made sharply to the dwarf, and ask'd it of him,

Who answer'd as before ; and when the Prince
Had put his horse in motion toward the knight,
Struck at him with his whip, and cut his cheek.
The Prince's blood spirted upon the scarf,
Dyeing it ; and his quick, instinctive hand
Caught at the hilt, as to abolish him :
But he, from his exceeding manfulness
And pure nobility of temperament,
Wroth to be wroth at such a worm, refrain'd
From ev'n a word, and so returning said :

' I will avenge this insult, noble Queen,
Done in your maiden's person to yourself :
And I will track this vermin to their earths :
For tho' I ride unarm'd, I do not doubt
To find, at some place I shall come at, arms
On loan, or else for pledge ; and, being found,
Then will I fight him, and will break his pride,
And on the third day will again be here,
So that I be not fall'n in fight. Farewell.'

‘Farewell, fair Prince,’ answer’d the stately
Queen.

‘Be prosperous in this journey, as in all;
And may you light on all things that you love,
And live to wed with her whom first you love :
But ere you wed with any, bring your bride,
And I, were she the daughter of a king,
Yea, tho’ she were a beggar from the hedge,
Will clothe her for her bridals like the sun.’

And Prince Geraint, now thinking that he heard
The noble hart at bay, now the far horn,
A little vext at losing of the hunt,
A little at the vile occasion, rode,
By ups and downs, thro’ many a grassy glade
And valley, with fixt eye following the three.
At last they issued from the world of wood,
And climb’d upon a fair and even ridge,
And show’d themselves against the sky, and sank.
And thither came Geraint, and underneath

Beheld the long street of a little town
In a long valley, on one side whereof,
White from the mason's hand, a fortress rose ;
And on one side a castle in decay,
Beyond a bridge that spann'd a dry ravine :
And out of town and valley came a noise
As of a broad brook o'er a shingly bed
Brawling, or like a clamour of the rooks
At distance, ere they settle for the night.

And onward to the fortress rode the three,
And enter'd, and were lost behind the walls.
' So,' thought Geraint, ' I have track'd him to
his earth.'

And down the long street riding wearily,
Found every hostel full, and everywhere
Was hammer laid to hoof, and the hot hiss
And bustling whistle of the youth who scour'd
His master's armour ; and of such a one
He ask'd, ' What means the tumult in the town ?'

Who told him, scouring still, 'The sparrow-hawk!
Then riding close behind an ancient churl,
Who, smitten by the dusty sloping beam,
Went sweating underneath a sack of corn,
Ask'd yet once more what meant the hubbub here?
Who answer'd gruffly, 'Ugh! the sparrow-hawk.'
Then riding further past an armourer's,
Who, with back turn'd, and bow'd above his work,
Sat riveting a helmet on his knee,
He put the self-same query, but the man
Not turning round, nor looking at him, said :
' Friend, he that labours for the sparrow-hawk
Has little time for idle questioners.'
Whereat Geraint flash'd into sudden spleen :
' A thousand pips eat up your sparrow-hawk !
Tits, wrens, and all wing'd nothings peck him
dead !

Ye think the rustic cackle of your bourg
The murmur of the world ! What is it to me ?
O wretched lot of sparrows, one and all,

Who pipe of nothing but of sparrow-hawks !
Speak, if ye be not like the rest, hawk-mad,
Where can I get me harbourage for the night ?
And arms, arms, arms to fight my enemy ?

Speak !'

Whereat the armourer turning all amazed
And seeing one so gay in purple silks,
Came forward with the helmet yet in hand
And answer'd, ' Pardon me, O stranger knight ;
We hold a tourney here to-morrow morn,
And there is scanty time for half the work.
Arms ? truth ! I know not : all are wanted here.
Harbourage ? truth, good truth, I know not, save,
It may be, at Earl Yniol's, o'er the bridge
Yonder.' He spoke and fell to work again.

Then rode Geraint, a little spleenful yet,
Across the bridge that spann'd the dry raving.
There musing sat the hoary-headed Earl,
(His dress a suit of fray'd magnificence,

Once fit for feasts of ceremony) and said :

‘ Whither, fair son ? ’ to, whom Geraint replied,

‘ O friend, I seek a harbourage for the night.’

Then Yniol, ‘ Enter therefore and partake

The slender entertainment of a house

Once rich, now poor, but ever open-door’d.’

‘ Thanks, venerable friend,’ replied Geraint ;

‘ So that ye do not serve me sparrow-hawks

For supper, I will enter, I will eat

With all the passion of a twelve hours’ fast.’

Then sigh’d and smiled the hoary-headed Earl,

And answer’d, ‘ Graver cause than yours is mine

To curse this hedgerow thief, the sparrow-hawk :

But in, go in ; for save yourself desire it,

We will not touch upon him ev’n in jest.’

•

Then rode Geraint into the castle court,

His charger trampling many a prickly star

Of sprouted thistle on the broken stones,

He look’d and saw that all was ruinous.

Here stood a shatter'd archway plumed with fern;
And here had fall'n a great part of a tower,
Whole, like a crag that tumbles from the cliff,
And like a crag was gay with wilding flowers :
And high above a piece of turret stair,
Worn by the feet that now were silent, wound
Bare to the sun, and monstrous ivy-stems
Claspt the gray walls with hairy-fibred arms,
And suck'd the joining of the stones, and look'd
A knot, beneath, of snakes, aloft, a grove.

And while he waited in the castle court,
The voice of Enid, Yniol's daughter, rang
Clear thro' the open casement of the hall,
Singing ; and as the sweet voice of a bird,
Heard by the lander in a lonely isle,
Moves him to think what kind of bird it is
That sings so delicately clear, and make
Conjecture of the plumage and the form ;
So the sweet voice of Enid moved Geraint ;

And made him like a man abroad at morn
When first the liquid note beloved of men
Comes flying over many a windy wave
To Britain, and in April suddenly
Breaks from a coppice gemm'd with green and
red,

And he suspends his converse with a friend,
Or it may be the labour of his hands,
To think or say, 'There is the nightingale ;'
So fared it with Geraint, who thought and said,
'Here, by God's grace, is the one voice for me.'

It chanced the song that Enid sang was one
Of Fortune and her wheel, and Enid sang :

'Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel and lower the
proud ;
Turn thy wild wheel thro' sunshine, storm, and
cloud ;
Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate.

‘ Turn, Fortune, turn thy wheel with smile or
frown ;

With that wild wheel we go not up or down ;
Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great.

‘ Smile and we smile, the lords of many lands ;
Frown and we smile, the lords of our own hands ;
For man is man and master of his fate.

‘ Turn, turn thy wheel above the staring crowd ;
Thy wheel and thou are shadows in the cloud ;
Thy wheel and thee we neither love nor hate.’

‘ Hark, by the bird’s song ye may learn the
nest ,
Said Yniol ; ‘ enter quickly.’ Entering then, ,
Right o’er a mount of newly-fallen stones,
The dusky-rafter’d many-cobweb’d hall,
He found an ancient flame in dim brocade ;
And near her, like a blossom vermeil-white,

That lightly breaks a faded flower-sheath,
Moved the fair Enid, all in faded silk,
Her daughter. In a moment thought Geraint,
'Here by God's rood is the one maid for me,'
But none spake word except the hoary Earl:
'Enid, the good knight's horse stands in the court;
Take him to stall, and give him corn, and then
Go to the town and buy us flesh and wine;
And we will make us merry as we may.
Our hoard is little, but our hearts are great.'

He spake: the Prince, as Enid past him, fain
To follow, strode a stride, but Yniol caught
His purple scarf, and held, and said, 'Forbear!
Rest! the good house, tho' ruin'd, O my son,
Endures not that her guest should serve himself.'
And reverencing the custom of the house
Geraint, from utter courtesy, forbore.

So Enid took his charger to the stall;

And after went her way across the bridge,
And reach'd the town, and while the Prince and
Earl

Yet spoke together, came again with one,
A youth, that following with a costrel bore
The means of goodly welcome, flesh and wine.
And Enid brought sweet cakes to make them
cheer,

And in her veil enfolded, manchet bread.
And then, because their hall must also serve
For kitchen, boil'd the flesh, and spread the board,
And stood behind, and waited on the three.
And seeing her so sweet and serviceable,
Geraint had longing in him evermore
To stoop and kiss the tender little thumb,
That crost the trencher as she laid it down :
But after all had eaten, then Geraint,
For now the wine made summer in his veins,
Let his eye rove in following, or rest
On Enid at her lowly handmaid-work,

Now here, now there, about the dusky hall ;
Then suddenly address the hoary Earl :

‘Fair Host and Earl, I pray your courtesy ;
This sparrow-hawk, what is he ? tell me of him.
His name ? but no, good faith, I will not have it :
For if he be the knight whom late I saw
Ride into that new fortress by your town, *
White from the mason’s hand, then have I sworn
From his own lips to have it—I am Geraint
Of Devon—for this morning when the Queen
Sent her own maiden to demand the name,
His dwarf, a vicious under-shapen thing,
Struck at her with his whip, and she return’d
Indignant to the Queen ; and then I swore
That I would track this caitiff to his hold,
And fight and break his pride, and have it of him.
And all unarm’d I rode, and thought to find
Arms in your town, where all the men are mad ;
They take the rustic murmur of their bourg

For the great wave that echoes round the world ;
They would not hear me speak : but if ye know
Where I can light on arms, or if yourself
Should have them, tell me, seeing I have sworn
That I will break his pride and learn his name,
Avenging this great insult done the Queen.'

Then cried Earl Yniol, ' Art thou he indeed,
Geraint, a name far-sounded among men
For noble deeds ? and truly I, when first
I saw you moving by me on the bridge,
Felt ye were somewhat, yea, and by your state
And presence might have guess'd you one of
those

That eat in Arthur's hall at Camelot.
Nor speak I now from foolish flattery ;
For this dear child hath often heard me praise
Your feats of arms, and often when I paused
Hath ask'd again, and ever loved to hear ;
So grateful is the noise of noble deeds

To noble hearts who see but acts of wrong :
O never yet had woman such a pair
Of suitors as this maiden ; first Limours,
A creature wholly given to brawls and wine,
Drunk even when he woo'd ; and be he dead
I know not, but he past to the wild land.
The second was your foe, the sparrow-hawk,
My curse, my nephew—I will not let his name
Slip from my lips if I can help it—he,
When I that knew him fierce and turbulent
Refused her to him, then his pride awoke ;
And since the proud man often is the mean,
He sow'd a slander in the common ear,
Affirming that his father left him gold,
And in my charge, which was not render'd to him ;
Bribed with large promises the men who served
About my person, the more easily
Because my means were somewhat broken into
Thro' open doors and hospitality ;
Raised my own town against me in the night .

Before my Enid's birthday, sack'd my house ;
From mine own earldom foully ousted me ;
Built that new fort to overawe my friends,
For truly there are those who love me yet ;
And keeps me in this ruinous castle here,
Where doubtless he would put me soon to
death,

But that his pride too much despises me :
And I myself sometimes despise myself ;
For I have let men be, and have their way ;
Am much too gentle, have not used my power :
Nor know I whether I be very base
Or very manful, whether very wise
Or very foolish ; only this I know,
That whatsoever evil happen to me,
I seem to suffer nothing heart or limb,
But can endure it all most patiently.'

'Well said, true heart,' replied Geraint, 'but
arms,

That if the sparrow-hawk, this nephew, fight
In next day's tourney I may break his pride.'

And Yniol answer'd, ' Arms, indeed, but old
And rusty, old and rusty, Prince Geraint,
Are mine, and therefore at thine asking, thine.
But in this tournament can no man tilt,
Except the lady he loves best be there.
Two forks are fixt into the meadow ground,
And over these is placed a silver wand,
And over that a golden sparrow-hawk,
The prize of beauty for the fairest there.
And this, what knight soever be in field
Lays claim to for the lady at his side,
And tilts with my good nephew thereupon,
Who being apt at arms and big of bone
Has ever won it for the lady with him,
And toppling over all antagonism
Has earn'd himself the name of sparrow-hawk.
But thou, that hast no lady, canst not fight.'

‘To whom Geraint with eyes all bright replied,
Leaning a little toward him, ‘Thy leave!
Let *me* lay lance in rest, O noble host,
For this dear child, because I never saw,
Tho’ having seen all beauties of our time,
Nor can see elsewhere, anything so fair.
And if I fall her name will yet remain
Untarnish’d as before; but if I live,
So aid me Heaven when at mine uttermost,
As I will make her truly my true wife’

Then, howsoever patient, Yniol’s heart
Danced in his bosom, seeing better days
And looking round he saw not Enid there,
(Who hearing her own name had slipt away)
But that old dame, to whom full tenderly
‘And fondling all her hand in his he said,
‘Mother, a maiden is a tender thing,
And best by her that bore her understood.
Go thou to rest, but ere thou go to rest

Tell her, and prove her heart toward the
Prince.' "

So spake the kindly-hearted Earl, and she
With frequent smile and nod departing found,
Half disarray'd as to her rest, the girl;
Whom first she kiss'd on either cheek, and then
On either shining shoulder laid a hand,
And kept her off and gazed upon her face,
And told her all their converse in the hall,
Proving her heart : but never light and shade
Cours'd one another more on open ground
Beneath a troubled heaven, than red and pale
Across the face of Enid hearing her ;
While slowly falling as a scale that falls, •
When weight is added only grain by grain,
Sank her sweet head upon her gentle breast ;
Nor did she lift an eye nor speak a word,
Rapt in the fear and in the wonder of it ;
So moving without answer to her rest

She found no rest, and ever fail'd to draw
The quiet night into her blood, but lay
Contemplating her own unworthiness ;
And when the pale and bloodless east began
To quicken to the sun, arose, and raised
Her mother too, and hand in hand they moved
Down to the meadow where the jousts were held,
And waited there for Yniol and Geraint.

And thither came the twain, and when Geraint
Beheld her first in field, awaiting him,
He felt, were she the prize of bodily force,
Himself beyond the rest pushing could move
The chair of Idris. Yniol's rusted arms
Were on his princely person, but thro' these
Princelike his bearing shone ; and errant knights
And ladies came, and by and by the town
Flow'd in, and settling circled all the lists.
And there they fixt the forks into the ground,
And over these they placed the silver wand,

And over that the golden sparrow-hawk.
Then Yniol's nephew, after trumpet blown,
Spake to the lady with him and proclaim'd,
'Advance and take as fairest of the fair,
For I these two years past have won it for thee,
The prize of beauty.' Loudly spake the Prince,
'Forbear: there is a worthier,' and the knight
With some surprise and thrice as much disdain
Turn'd, and beheld the four, and all his face
Glow'd like the heart of a great fire at Yule,
So burnt he was with passion, crying out,
'Do battle for it then,' no more; and thrice
They clash'd together, and thrice they brake their
spears.

Then each, dishorsed and drawing, lash'd at each
So often and with such blows, that all the crowd
Wonder'd, and now and then from distant walks
There came a clapping as of phantom hands.
So twice they fought, and twice they breathed,
and still

The dew of their great labour, and the blood
Of their strong bodies, flowing, drain'd their force.
But either's force was match'd till Yniol's cry,
'Remember that great insult done the Queen,'
Increased Geraint's, who heaved his blade aloft,
And crack'd the helmet thro', and bit the bone,
And fell'd him, and set foot upon his breast,
And said, 'Thy name?' To whom the fallen man
Made answer, groaning, 'Edyrn, son of Nudd!
Ashamed am I that I should tell it thee.
My pride is broken: men have seen my fall.'
'Then, Edyrn, son of Nudd,' replied Geraint,
'These two things shalt thou do, or else thou
diest.

First, thou thyself, with damsel and with dwarf,
Shalt ride to Arthur's court, and coming there,
Crave pardon for that insult done the Queen,
And shalt abide her judgment on it; next,
Thou shalt give back their earldom to thy kin.
These two things shalt thou do, or thou shalt die.'

And Edyrn answer'd, ' These things will I do,
For I have never yet been overthrown,
And thou hast overthrown me, and my pride
Is broken down, for Enid sees my fall !'
And rising up, he rode to Arthur's court,
And there the Queen forgave him easily.
And being young, he changed and came to loathe
His crime of traitor, slowly drew himself
Bright from his old dark life, and fell at last
In the great battle fighting for the King.

But when the third day from the hunting-morn
Made a low splendour in the world, and wings
Moved in her ivy, Enid, for she lay
With her fair head in the dim-yellow light,
Among the dancing shadows of the birds,
Woke and bethought her of her promise given
No later than last eve to Prince Geraint—
So bent he seem'd on going the third day,
He would not leave her, till her promise given—

To ride with him this morning to the court,
And there be made known to the stately Queen,
And there be wedded with all ceremony.
At this she cast her eyes upon her dress,
And thought it never yet had look'd so mean.
For as a leaf in mid-November is
To what it was in mid-October, seem'd
The dress that now she look'd on to the dress
She look'd on ere the coming of Geraint.
And still she look'd, and still the terror grew
Of that strange bright and dreadful thing, a court,
All staring at her in her faded silk :
And softly to her own sweet heart she said :

' This noble prince who won our earldom back,
So splendid in his acts and his attire,
Sweet heaven, how much shall discredit him !
Would he could tarry with us here awhile,
But being so beholden to the Prince,
It were but little grace in any of us,

Bent as he seem'd on going this third day,
To seek a second favour at his hands.
Yet if he could but tarry a day or two,
Myself would work eye dim, and finger lame,
Far liefer than so much discredit him.'

And Enid fell in longing for a dress
All branch'd and flower'd with gold, a costly gift
Of her good mother, given her on the night
Before her birthday, three sad years ago,
That night of fire, when Edyrn sack'd their house,
And scatter'd all they had to all the winds :
For while the mother show'd it, and the two
Were turning and admiring it, the work
To both appear'd so costly, rose a cry
That Edyrn's men were on them, and they fled
With little save the jewels they had on,
Which being sold and sold had bought them
bread :

And Edyrn's men had caught them in their flight,

And placed them in this ruin ; and she wish'd
The Prince had found her in her ancient home ;
Then let her fancy flit across the past,
And roam the goodly places that she knew ;
And last bethought her how she used to watch,
Near that old home, a pool of golden carp ;
And one was patch'd and blurr'd and lustreless
Among his burnish'd brethren of the pool ;
And half asleep she made comparison
Of that and these to her own faded self
And the gay court, and fell asleep again ;
And dreamt herself was such a faded form
Among her burnish'd sisters of the pool ;
But this was in the garden of a king ;
And tho' she lay dark in the pool, she knew
That all was bright ; that all about were birds
Of sunny plume in gilded trellis-work ;
That all the turf was rich in plots that look'd
Each like a garnet or a turkis in it ;
And lords and ladies of the high court went

In silver tissue talking things of state ;
And children of the King in cloth of gold
Glanced at the doors or gambol'd down the
walks ;

And while she thought ' They will not see me,'
came

A stately queen whose name was Guinevere,
And all the Children in their cloth of gold
Ran to her, crying, ' If we have fish at all
Let them be gold ; and charge the gardeners
now

To pick the faded creature from the pool,
And cast it on the mixen that it die.'
And therewithal one came and seized on her,
And Enid started waking, with her heart
All overshadow'd by the foolish dream,
And lo ! it was her mother grasping her
To get her well awake ; and in her hand
A suit of bright apparel, which she laid
Flat on the couch, and spoke exultingly :

‘ See here, my child, how fresh the colours
look,

How fast they hold like colours of a shell
That keeps the wear and polish of the wave.
Why not ? it never yet was worn, I trow :
Look on it, child, and tell me if ye know it.’

And Enid look’d, but all confused at first,
Could scarce divide it from her foolish dream :
Then suddenly she knew it and rejoiced,
And answer’d, ‘ Yea, I know it ; your good gift,
So sadly lost on that unhappy night ;
Your own good gift !’ ‘ Yea, surely,’ said the
dame,

‘ And gladly given again this happy morn.
For when the jousts were ended yesterday,
Went Yniol thro’ the town, and everywhere
He found the sack and plunder of our house
All scatter’d thro’ the houses of the town ;
And gave command that all which once was ours

Should now be ours again : and yester-eve,
While ye were talking sweetly with your Prince,
Came one with this and laid it in my hand,
For love or fear, or seeking favour of us,
Because we have our earldom back again.
And yester-eve I would not tell you of it,
But kept it for a sweet surprise at morn.
Yea, truly is it not a sweet surprise ?
For I myself unwillingly have worn
My faded suit, as you, my child, have yours,
And howsoever patient, Yniol his.
Ah, dear, he took me from a goodly house,
With store of rich apparel, sumptuous fare,
And page, and maid, and squire, and seneschal,
And pastime both of hawk and hound, and all
That appertains to noble maintenance.
Yea, and he brought me to a goodly house ;
But since our fortune slipt from sun to shade,
And all thro' that young traitor, cruel need
Constrain'd us, but a better time has come ;

So clothe yourself in this, that better fits
Our mended fortunes and a Prince's bride :
For tho' ye won the prize of fairest fair,
And tho' I heard him call you fairest fair,
Let never maiden think, however fair,
She is not fairer in new clothes than old.
And should some great court-lady say, the Prince
Hath pick'd a ragged-robin from the hedge,
And like a madman brought her to the court,
Then were ye shamed, and, worse, might shame
the Prince
To whom we are beholden ; but I know,
When my dear child is set forth at her best,
That neither court nor country, tho' they sought
Thro' all the provinces like those of old
That lighted on Queen Esther, has her match.'

Here ceased the kindly mother out of breath ;
And Enid listen'd brightening as she lay ;
Then, as the white and glittering star of morn

Parts from a bank of snow, and by and by
Slips into golden cloud, the maiden rose,
And left her maiden couch, and robed herself,
Help'd by the mother's careful hand and eye,
Without a mirror, in the gorgeous gown ;
Who, after, turn'd her daughter round, and
said,

She never yet had seen her half so fair ;
And call'd her like that maiden in the tale,
Whom Gwydion made by glamour out of flowers,
And sweeter than the bride of Cassivelaun,
Flur, for whose love the Roman Cæsar first
Invaded Britain, 'but we beat him back,
As this great Prince invaded us, and we,
Not beat him back, but welcomed him with joy.

And I can scarcely ride with you to court,
For old am I, and rough the ways and wild ;
But Yniol goes, and I full oft shall dream
I see my princess as I see her now,
Clothed with my gift, and gay among the gay.'

But while the women thus rejoiced, Geraint
Woke where he slept in the high hall, and call'd
For Enid, and when Yniol made report
Of that good mother making Enid gay
In such apparel as might well beseem
His princess, or indeed the stately Queen,
He answer'd : ' Earl, entreat her by my love,
Albeit I give no reason but my wish,
That she ride with me in her faded silk '
Yniol with that hard message went ; it fell
Like flaws in summer laying iusty corn :
For Enid, all abash'd she knew not why,
Dared not to glance at her good mother's face,
But silently, in all obedience,
Her mother silent too, nor helping her,
Laid from her limbs the costly-broider'd gift,
And robed them in her ancient suit again,
And so descended. Never man rejoiced
More than Geraint to greet her thus attired ;
And glancing all at once as keenly at her

As careful robins eye the delver's toil,
Made her cheek burn and either eyelid fall,
But rested with her sweet face satisfied ;
Then seeing cloud upon the mother's brow,
Her by both hands he caught, and sweetly said,

' O my new mother, be not wroth or grieved
At thy new son, for my petition to her.
When late I left Caerleon, our great Queen,
In words whose echo lasts, they were so sweet,
Made promise, that whatever bride I brought,
Herself would clothe her like the sun in Heaven.
Thereafter, when I reach'd this ruin'd hall,
Beholding one so bright in dark estate,
I vow'd that could I gain her, our fair Queen,
No hand but hers, should make your Enid burst
Sunlike from cloud—and likewise thought perhaps,
That service done so graciously would bind
The two together ; fain I would the two
Should love each other : how can Enid find

A nobler friend ? Another thought was mine ;
I came among you here so suddenly,
That tho' her gentle presence at the lists
Might well have served for proof that I was loved,
I doubted whether daughter's tenderness,
Or easy nature, might not let itself
Be moulded by your wishes for her weal ;
Or whether some false sense in her own self
Of my contrasting brightness, overbore
Her fancy dwelling in this dusky hall ;
And such a sense might make her long for court
And all its perilous glories : and I thought,
That could I somehow prove such force in her
Link'd with such love for me, that at a word
(No reason given her) she could cast aside
A splendour dear to women, new to her,
And therefore dearer ; or if not so new,
Yet therefore tenfold dearer by the power
Of intermitted usage ; then I felt
That I could rest, a rock in ebbs and flows,

Fixt on her faith. Now, therefore, I do rest,
A prophet certain of my prophecy,
That never shadow of mistrust can cross
Between us. Grant me pardon for my thoughts :
And for my strange petition I will make
Amends hereafter by some gaudy-day,
When your fair child shall wear your costly gift
Beside your own warm hearth, with, on her knees,
Who knows ? another gift of the high God,
Which, maybe, shall have learn'd to lisp you
 thanks.'

He spoke : the mother smiled, but half in tears,
Then brought a mantle down and wrapt her in it,
And claspt and kiss'd her, and they rode away.

Now thrice that morning Guinevere had climb'd
The giant tower, from whose high crest, they say,
Men saw the goodly hills of Somerset,
And white sails flying on the yellow sea ;

But not to goodly hill or yellow sea
Look'd the fair Queen, but up the vale of Usk,
By the flat meadow, till she saw them come ;
And then descending met them at the gates,
Embraced her with all welcome as a friend,^{*}
And did her honour as the Prince's bride,
And clothed her for her bridals like the sun ;
' And all that week was old Caerleon gay,
For' by the hands of Dubric, the high saint,
They twain were wedded with all ceremony.

' And this was on the last year's Whitsuntide.
But Enid ever kept the faded silk,
Remembering how first he came on her,
Drest in that dress, and how he loved her in it,
And all her foolish fears about the dress,
And all his journey toward her, as himself
' Had told her, and their coming to the court.

And now this morning when he said to her,

'Put on your worst and meanest dress,' she found
And took it, and array'd herself therein.

II.

O purblind race of miserable men,
How many among us at this very hour
Do forge a life-long trouble for ourselves,
By taking true for false, or false for true ;
Here, thro' the feeble twilight of this world
Groping, how many, until we pass and reach
That other, where we see as we are seen !

So fared it with Geraint, who issuing forth
That morning, when they both had got to horse,
Perhaps because he loved her passionately,
And felt that tempest brooding round his heart,
Which, if he spoke at all, would break perforce
Upon a head so dear in thunder, said :
'Not at my side. I charge thee ride before,

Ever a good way on before ; and this
I charge thee, on thy duty as a wife,
Whatever happens, not to speak to me,
No, not a word !' and Enid was aghast ;
And forth they rode, but scarce three paces on,
When crying out, ' Effeminate as I am,
I will not fight my way with gilded arms,
' All shall be iron ;' he loosed a mighty purse,
Hung at his belt, and hurl'd it toward the squire.
So the last sight that Enid had of home
Was all the marble threshold flashing, strown
' With gold and scatter'd coinage, and the squire
Chafing his shoulder : then he cried again,
' To the wilds !' and Enid leading down the tracks
Thro' which he bade her lead him on, they past
The marches, and by bandit-haunted holds,
Gray swamps and pools, waste places of the hern,
' And wildernesses, perilous paths, they rode :
Round was their pace at first, but slacken'd soon :
A stranger meeting them had surely thought

They rode so slowly and they look'd so pale,
That each had suffer'd some exceeding wrong.
For he was ever saying to himself,
' O I that wasted time to tend upon her,
To compass her with sweet observances,
To dress her beautifully and keep her true'—
And there he broke the sentence in his heart
Abruptly, as a man upon his tongue
May break it, when his passion masters him. •
And she was ever praying the sweet heavens
To save her dear lord whole from any wound.
And ever in her mind she cast about
For that unnoticed failing in herself,
Which made him look so cloudy and so cold ;
Till the great plover's human whistle amazed
Her heart, and glancing round the waste she fear'd
In every wavering brake an ambuscade.
Then thought again, ' If there be such in me,
I might amend it by the grace of Heaven,
If he would only speak and tell me of it.'

But when the fourth part of the day was gone,
Then Enid was aware of three tall knights
On horseback, wholly arm'd, behind a rock
In shadow, waiting for them, caitiffs all ;
And heard one crying to his fellow, ' Look,
Hère comes a laggard hanging down his head,
Who seems no bolder than a beaten hound ;
' Come, we will slay him and will have his horse
And armour, and his damsel shall be ours.'

Then Enid ponder'd in her heart, and said :
' I will go back a little to my lord,
And I will tell him all their caitiff talk ;
For, be he wroth even to slaying me,
Far liefer by his dear hand had I die,
Than that my lord should suffer loss or shame.'

Then she went back some paces of return,
Met his full frown timidly firm, and said :
' My lord, I saw three bandits by the rock

Waiting to fall on you, and heard them boast .
That they would slay you, and possess your horse
And armour, and your damsel should be theirs.'

He made a wrathful answer: 'Did I wish
Your warning or your silence? one command
I laid upon you, not to speak to me,
And thus ye keep it! Well then, look—for now,
Whether ye wish me victory or defeat,
Long for my life, or hunger for my death,
Yourself shall see my vigour is not lost.'

Then Enid waited pale and sorrowful,
And down upon him bare the bandit three.
And at the midmost charging, Prince Geraint
Drove the long spear a cubit thro' his breast
And out beyond; and then against his brace
Of comrades, each of whom had broken on him
A lance that splinter'd like an icicle,
Swung from his brand a windy buffet out

• Once, twice, to right, to left, and stunn'd the twain
Or slew them, and dismounting like a man
That skins the wild beast after slaying him,
Stript from the three dead wolves of woman born
The three gay suits of armour which they wore,
And let the bodies lie, but bound the suits
Of armour on their horses, each on each,
• And tied the bridle-reins of all the three
Together, and said to her, ' Drive them on
Before you ;' and she drove them thro' the waste.

He follow'd nearer : ruth began to work
Against his anger in him, while he watch'd
The being he loved best in all the world,
With difficulty in mild obedience,
Driving them on : he fain had spoken to her,
• And loosed in words of sudden fire the wrath
And smoulder'd wrong that burnt him all within ;
• But evermore it seem'd an easier thing
At once without remorse to strike her dead,

Than to cry 'Halt,' and to her own bright face
Accuse her of the least immodesty :
And thus tongue-tied, it made him wroth the more
That she *could* speak whom his own ear had heard
Call herself false : and suffering thus he made
Minutes an age : but in scarce longer time
Than at Caerleon the full-tided Usk,
Before he turn to fall seaward again,
Pauses, did Enid, keeping watch, behold
In the first shallow shade of a deep wood,
Before a gloom of stubborn-shafted oaks,
Three other horsemen waiting, wholly arm'd,
Whereof one seem'd far larger than her lord,
And shook her pulses, crying, 'Look, a prize !
Three horses and three goodly suits of arms,
And all in charge of whom ? a girl : set on.'
'Nay,' said the second, 'yonder comes a knight.'
The third, 'A craven ; how he hangs his head.'
The giant answer'd merrily, 'Yea, but one ?
Wait here, and when he passes fall upon him.'

And Enid ponder'd in her heart and said,
' I will abide the coming of my lord,
And I will tell him all their villainy.
My lord is weary with the fight before,
And they will fall upon him unawares.
I needs must disobey him for his good ;
How should I dare obey him to his harm ?
Needs must I speak, and tho' he kill me for it,
' I save a life dearer to me than mine.'

And she abode his coming, and said to him
With timid firmness, ' Have I leave to speak ?'
He said, ' Ye take it, speaking,' and she spoke.

•
' There lurk three villains yonder in the wood,
And each of them is wholly arm'd, and one
Is larger-limb'd than you are, and they say
That they will fall upon you while ye pass.'

To which he flung a wrathful answer back :

‘ And if there were an hundred in the wood,
 And every man were larger-limb’d than I,
 And all at once should sally out upon me,
 I swear it would not ruffle me so much
 As you that not obey me. Stand aside,
 And if I fall, cleave to the better man.’

And Enid stood aside to wait the event,
 Not dare to watch the combat, only breathe
 Short fits of prayer, at every stroke a breath.
 And he, she dreaded most, bare down upon him.
 Aim’d at the helm, his lance err’d ; but Geraint’s,
 A little in the late encounter strain’d,
 Struck thro’ the bulky bandit’s corselet home,
 And then brake short, and down his enemy roll’d,
 And there lay still ; as he that tells the tale
 Saw once a great piece of a promontory,
 That had a sapling growing on it, slide
 From the long shore-cliff’s windy walls to the
 beach,

. And there lie still, and yet the sapling grew :
So lay the man transfixt. His craven pair
Of comrades, making slower at the Prince,
When now they saw their bulwark fallen, stood ;
On whom the victor, to confound them more,
Spurr'd with his terrible war-cry ; for as one,
That listens near a torrent mountain-brook,
All thro' the crash of the near cataract hears
The drumming thunder of the huger fall
At distance, were the soldiers wont to hear
His voice in battle, and be kindled by it,
And foemen scared, like that false pair who turn'd
Flying, but, overtaken, died the death
Themselves had wrought on many an innocent.

Thereon Geraint, dismounting, pick'd the lance
That pleased him best, and drew from those dead
wolves
Their three gay suits of armour, each from each,
And bound them on their horses, each on each,

And tied the bridle-reins of all the three .
Together, and said to her, 'Drive them on
Before you,' and she drove them thro' the wood.

He follow'd nearer still: the pain she had
To keep them in the wild ways of the wood,
Two sets of three laden with jingling arms,
Together, served a little to disedge
The sharpness of that pain about her heart:
And they themselves, like creatures gently born
But into bad hands fall'n, and now so long
By bandits groom'd, prick'd their light cars, and
felt .
Her low firm voice and tender government.

So thro' the green gloom of the wood they past,
And issuing under open heavens beheld'
A little town with towers, upon a rock,
And close beneath, a meadow gemlike chased
In the brown wild, and mowers mowing in it:

And down a rocky pathway from the place
There came a fair-hair'd youth, that in his hand
Bare victual for the mowers : and Geraint
Had ruth again on Enid looking pale ;
Then, moving downward to the meadow ground,
He, when the fair-hair'd youth came by him, said,
' Friend, let her eat ; the damsel is so faint.'
' Yea, willingly,' replied the youth ; ' and thou,
My lord, eat also, tho' the fare is coarse,
And only meet for mowers ;' then set down
His basket, and dismounting on the sward
They let the horses graze, and ate themselves.
And Enid took a little delicately,
Less haying stomach for it than desire
To close with her lord's pleasure ; but Geraint
Ate all the mowers' victual unawares,
And when he found all empty, was amazed ;
And ' Boy,' said he, ' I have eaten all, but take
A horse and arms for guerdon ; choose the best.'
He, reddening in extremity of delight,

‘My lord, you overpay me fifty-fold.’
‘Ye will be all the wealthier,’ cried the Prince.
‘I take it as free gift, then,’ said the boy,
‘Not guerdon ; for myself can easily,
While your good damsel rests, return, and fetch
Fresh victual for these mowers of our Earl,
For these are his, and all the field is his,
And I myself am his ; and I will tell him
How great a man thou art : he loves to know
When men of mark are in his territory :
And he will have thee to his palace here,
And serve thee costlier than with mowers’ fare.’

Then said Geraint, ‘I wish no better fare :
I never ate with angrier appetite
Than when I left your mowers dinnerless.
And into no Earl’s palace will I go.
I know, God knows, too much of palaces !
And if he want me, let him come to me.
But hire us some fair chamber for the night,

And stalling for the horses, and return
With victual for these men, and let us know.'

'Yea, my kind lord,' said the glad youth, and
* went,
Held his head high, and thought himself a knight,
And up the rocky pathway disappear'd,
° Leading the horse, and they were left alone.

°
°
But when the Prince had brought his errant eyes
Home from the rock, sideways he let them glance
At Enid, where she droopt : his own false doom,
That shadow of mistrust should never cross
Betwixt them, came upon him, and he sigh'd ;
Then with another humorous ruth remark'd
The lusty mowers labouring dinnerless,
And watch'd the sun blaze on the turning scythe,
And after nodded sleepily in the heat.
But she, remembering her old ruin'd hall,
And all the windy clamour of the daws

About her hollow turret, pluck'd the grass
There growing longest by the meadow's edge,
And into many a listless annulet,
Now over, now beneath her marriage ring,
Wove and unwove it, till the boy return'd
And told them of a chamber, and they went ;
Where, after saying to her, ' If ye will,
Call for the woman of the house,' to which
She answer'd, ' Thanks, my lord ;' the two re-
main'd

Apart by all the chamber's width, and mute
As creatures voiceless thro' the fault of birth,
Or two wild men supporters of a shield,
Painted, who stare at open space, nor glance
The one at other, parted by the shield.

On a sudden, many a voice along the street,
And heel against the pavement echoing, burst
Their drowse ; and either started while the door,
Push'd from without, drove backward to the wall,

And midmost of a rout of roisterers,
Femininely fair and dissolutely pale,
Her suitor in old years before Geraint,
Enter'd, the wild lord of the place, Limours.
He moving up with pliant courtliness,
Greeted Geraint full face, but stealthily,
In the mid-warmth of welcome and graspt hand,
Found Enid with the corner of his eye,
And knew her sitting sad and solitary.
Then cried Geraint for wine and goodly cheer
To feed the sudden guest, and sumptuously
According to his fashion, bad the host
Call in what men soever were his friends,
And feast with these in honour of their Earl;
'And care not for the cost; the cost is mine.'

• And wine and food were brought, and Earl
Limours

Drank till he jested with all ease, and told
Free tales, and took the word and play'd upon it,

And made it of two colours ; for his talk,
When wine and free companions kindled him,
Was wont to glance and sparkle like a gem
Of fifty facets ; thus he moved the Prince
To laughter and his comrades to applause.
Then, when the Prince was merry, ask'd Limours,
' Your leave, my lord, to cross the room, and
speak

To your good damsel there who sits apart,
And seems so lonely ?' ' My free leave,' he said ;
' Get her to speak : she doth not speak to me.'
Then rose Limours, and looking at his feet,
Like him who tries the bridge he fears may fail,
Crost and came near, lifted adoring eyes,
Bow'd at her side and utter'd whisperingly :

' Enid, the pilot star of my lone life,
Enid, my early and my only love,
Enid, the loss of whom hath turn'd me wild—
What chance is this ? how is it I see you here ?

Ye are in my power at last, are in my power.
Yet fear me not : I call mine own self wild,
But keep a touch of sweet civility
Here in the heart of waste and wilderness,
I thought, but that your father came between,
In former days you saw me favourably.
And if it were so do not keep it back :
Make me a little happier : let me know it :
Owe' you me nothing for a life half-lost ?
Yea, yea, the whole dear debt of all you are.
And, Enid, you and he, I see with joy,
Ye sit apart, you do not speak to him,
You come with no attendance, page or maid,
To serve you—doth he love you as of old ?
For, call it lovers' quarrels, yet I know
Tho' men may bicker with the things they love,
They would not make them laughable in all eyes,
Not while they loved them ; and your wretched
dress,
A wretched insult on you, dumbly speaks

Your story, that this man loves you no more.
Your beauty is no beauty to him now :
A common chance—right well I know it—pall'd—
For I know men : nor will ye win him back,
For the man's love once gone never returns.
But here is one who loves you as of old ;
With more exceeding passion than of old :
Good, speak the word : my followers ring him
round :

He sits unarm'd ; I hold a finger up ;
They understand : nay ; I do not mean blood :
Nor need ye look so scared at what I say :
My malice is no deeper than a moat,
No stronger than a wall : there is the keep ;
He shall not cross us more ; speak but the word :
Or speak it not ; but then by Him that made me
The one true lover whom you ever own'd,
I will make use of all the power I have.
O pardon me ! the madness of that hour,
When first I parted from thee, moves me yet.'

At this the tender sound of his own voice
And sweet self-pity, Or the fancy of it,
Made his eye moist ; but Enid fear'd his eyes,
Moist as they were, wine-heated from the feast ;
And answer'd with such craft as women use,
Guilty or guiltless, to stave off a chance
That breaks upon them perilously, and said :

“Earl, if you love me as in former years,
And do not practise on me, come with morn,
And snatch me from him as by violence ;
Leave me to-night : I am weary to the death.’

Low at leave-taking, with his brandish'd plume
Brushing his instep, bow'd the all-amorous Earl,
And the stout Prince bad him a loud good-
night.

He moving homeward babbled to his men,
How Enid never loved a man but him,
Nor cared a broken egg-shell for her lord.

But Enid left alone with Prince Geraint,
Debating his command of silence given,
And that she now perforce must violate it,
Held commune with herself, and while she held
He fell asleep, and Enid had no heart
To wake him, but hung o'er him, wholly pleased
To find him yet unwounded after fight,
And hear him breathing low and equally.
Anon she rose, and stepping lightly, heap'd
The pieces of his armour in one place,
All to be there against a sudden need ;
Then dozed awhile herself, but overtoil'd
By that day's grief and travel, evermore
Seem'd catching at a rootless thorn, and then
Went slipping down horrible precipices,
And strongly striking out her limbs awoke ;
Then thought she heard the wild Earl at the door,
With all his rout of random followers,
Sound on a dreadful trumpet, summoning her ;
Which was the red cock shouting to the light,

As the gray dawn stole o'er the dewy world,
And glimmer'd on his armour in the room.
And once again she rose to look at it,
But touch'd it unawares : jangling, the casque
Fell, and he started up and stared at her.
Then breaking his command of silence given,
She told him all that Earl Limours had said,
Except the passage that he loved her not ;
Nor left untold the craft herself had used ;
But ended with apology so sweet,
Low-spoken, and of so few words, and seem'd
So justified by that necessity,
That tho' he thought ' was it for him she wept
In Devon ? ' he but gave a wrathful groan,
Saying, ' Your sweet faces make good fellows fools
And traitors. Call the host and bid him bring
Charger and palfrey.' So she glided out
Among the heavy breathings of the house,
And like a household Spirit at the walls
Beat, till she woke the sleepers, and return'd :

Then tending her rough lord, tho' all unask'd,
In silence, did him service as a squire ;
Till issuing arm'd he found the host and cried,
'Thy reckoning, friend ?' and ere he learnt it,

'Take

Five horses and their armours ;' and the host,
Suddenly honest, answer'd in amaze,
'My lord, I scarce have spent the worth of
one !'

'Ye will be all the wealthier,' said the Prince,
And then to Enid, 'Forward ! and to-day
I charge you, Enid, more especially,
What thing soever ye may hear, or see,
Or fancy (tho' I count it of small use
To charge you) that ye speak not but obey.'

And Enid answer'd, 'Yea, my lord, I know
Your wish, and would obey ; but riding first,
I hear the violent threats you do not hear,
I see the danger which you cannot see :

Then not to give you warning, that seems hard ;
Almost beyond me : yet I would obey.'

'Yea so,' said he, 'do it : be not too wise ;
Seeing that ye are wedded to a man,
Not all mismated with a yawning clown,
But one with arms to guard his head and yours,
With eyes to find you out however far,
And ears to hear you even in his dreams.'

With that he turn'd and look'd as keenly at her
As careful robins eye the delver's toil ;
And that within her, which a wanton fool,
Or hasty judger would have call'd her guilt,
Made her cheek burn and either eyelid fall.
And Geraint look'd and was not satisfied.

Then forward by a way which, beaten broad,
Led from the territory of false Limours
To the waste earldom of another earl,

Doorm, whom his shaking vassals call'd the Bull,
Went Enid with her sullen follower on.
Once she look'd back, and when she saw him ride
More near by many a rood than yester-morn,
It wellnigh made her cheerful ; till Geraint
Waving an angry hand as who should say
' Ye watch me,' sadden'd all her heart again.
But while the sun yet beat a dewy blade,
The sound of many a heavily-galloping hoof
Smote on her ear, and turning round she saw
Dust, and the points of lances bicker in it.
Then not to disobey her lord's behest,
And yet to give him warning, for he rode
As if he heard not, moving back she held
Her finger up, and pointed to the dust.
At which the warrior in his obstinacy,
Because she kept the letter of his word,
Was in a manner pleased, and turning, stood.
And in the moment after, wild Limours,
Borne on a black horse, like a thunder-cloud

Whose skirts are loosen'd by the breaking storm,
Half ridden off with by the thing he rode,
And all in passion uttering a dry shriek,
Dash'd on Geraint, who closed with him, and
bore

Down by the length of lance and arm beyond
The crupper, and so left him stunn'd or dead,
And overthrew the next that follow'd him,
And blindly rush'd on all the rout behind.
But at the flash and motion of the man
They vanish'd panic-stricken, like a shoal
Of darting fish, that on a summer morn
Adown the crystal dykes at Camelot
Come slipping o'er their shadows on the sand,
But if a man who stands upon the brink
But lift a shining hand against the sun,
There is not left the twinkle of a fin
Betwixt the cressy islets white in flower;
So, scared but at the motion of the man,
Fled all the boon companions of the Earl,

And left him lying in the public way ;
So vanish friendships only made in wine.

Then like a stormy sunlight smiled Geraint,
Who saw the chargers of the two that fell
Start from their fallen lords, and wildly fly,
Mixt with the flyers. 'Horse and man,' he
said,
'All of one mind and all right-honest friends!
Not a hoof left : and I methinks till now
Was honest—paid with horses and with arms ;
I cannot steal or plunder, no nor beg :
And so what say ye, shall we strip him there
Your lover ? has your palfrey heart enough
To bear his armour ? shall we fast, or dine ?
No ?—then do thou, being right honest, pray
That we may meet the horsemen of Earl Doorm,
I too would still be honest.' Thus he said :
And sadly gazing on her bridle-reins,
And answering not one word, she led the way.

But as a man to whom a dreadful loss
Falls in a far land and he knows it not,
But coming back he learns it, and the loss
So pains him that he sickens nigh to death ;
So fared it with Geraint, who being prick'd
In combat with the follower of Limours,
Bled underneath his armour secretly,
And ~~so~~ rode on, nor told his gentle wife
What ail'd him, hardly knowing it himself,
Till his eye darken'd and his helmet wagg'd ;
And at a sudden swerving of the road,
Tho' happily down on a bank of grass,
The Prince, without a word, from his horse fell.

And Enid heard the clashing of his fall,
Suddenly came, and at his side all pale
Dismounting, loosed the fastenings of his arms,
Nor let her true hand falter, nor blue eye
Moisten, till she had lighted on his wound,
And ^{tear}tearing off her veil of faded silk

Had bared her forehead to the blistering sun,
And swathed the hurt that drain'd her dear lord's
life.

Then after all was done that hand could do,
She rested, and her desolation came
Upon her, and she wept beside the way.

And many past, but none regarded her,
For in that realm of lawless turbulence,
A woman weeping for her murder'd mate
Was cared as much for as a summer shower :
One took him for a victim of Earl Doorm,
Nor dared to waste a perilous pity on him :
Another hurrying past, a man-at-arms,
Rode on a mission to the bandit Earl ;
Half whistling and half singing a coarse song,
He drove the dust against her veilless eyes :
Another, flying from the wrath of Doorm
Before an ever-fancied arrow, made
The long way smoke beneath him in his fear

At which her palfrey whinnying lifted heel,
And scour'd into the coppices and was lost,
While the great charger stood, grieved like a man.

But at the point of noon the huge Earl Doorm,
Broad-faced with under-fringe of russet beard,
Bound on a foray, rolling eyes of prey,
'Came riding with a hundred lances up ;
But'erc he came, like one that hails a ship,
Cried out with a big voice, ' What, is he dead ?'
' No, no, not dead !' she answer'd in all haste.
' Would some of your kind people take him up,
And bear him hence out of this cruel sun ?
Most sure am I, quite sure, he is not dead.'

Then said Earl Doorm : ' Well, if he be not
dead,
Why wail ye for him thus ? ye seem a child.
And be he dead, I count you for a fool ;
Your wailing will not quicken him : dead or not,

Ye mar^a a comely face with idiot tears.
Yet, since the face *is* comely—some of you,
Here, take him up, and bear him to our hall :
An if he live, we will have him of our band ;
And if he die, why earth has earth enough
To hide him. Sec ye take the charger too,
A noble one.'

He spake, and past away,
But left two brawny spcarmen, who advanced,
Each growling like a dog, when his good bone
Seems to be pluck'd at by the village boys
Who love to vex him eating, and he fears
To lose his bone, and lays his foot upon it,
Gnawing and growling : so the ruffians growl'd,
Fearing to lose, and all for a dead man,
Their chance of booty from the morning's raid
Yet raised and laid him on a litter-bier,
Such as they brought upon their forays out
For those that might be wounded ; laid him on it
All in the hollow of his shield, and took

And bore him to the naked hall of Doorn,
(His gentle charger following him unled)
And cast him and the bier in which he lay
Down on an oaken settle in the hall,
And then departed, hot in haste to join
Their luckier mates, but growling as before,
And cursing their lost time, and the dead man,
And their own Earl, and their own souls, and her.
They might as well have blest her: she was deaf
To blessing or to cursing save from one.

So for long hours sat Enid by her lord,
There in the naked hall, propping his head,
And chafing his pale hands, and calling to him.
Till at the last he waken'd from his swoon,
And found his own dear bride propping his head,
And chafing his faint hands, and calling to him ;
And felt the warm tears falling on his face ;
And said to his own heart, ' She weeps for me : '
And yet lay still, and feign'd himself as dead,

That he might prove her to the uttermost,
And say to his own heart, 'She weeps for me.'

But in the falling afternoon return'd
The huge Earl Doorm with plunder to the hall.
His lusty spearmen follow'd him with noise :
Each hurling down a heap of things that rang
Against the pavement, cast his lance aside,
And doff'd his helm : and then there flutter'd in,
Half-bold, half-frighted, with dilated eyes,
A tribe of women, dress'd in many hues,
And mingled with the spearmen : and Earl Doorm
Struck with a knife's haft hard against the board,
And call'd for flesh and wine to feed his spears.
And men brought in whole hogs and quarter
beeves,
And all the hall was dim with steam of flesh :
And none spake word, but all sat down at once,
And ate with tumult in the naked hall,
Feeding like horses when you hear them feed ;

Till Enid shrank far back into herself,
To shun the wild ways of the lawless tribe.
But when Earl Doorm had eaten all he would,
He roll'd his eyes about the hall, and found
A damsel drooping in a corner of it.
Then he remember'd her, and how she wept ;
And out of her there came a power upon him ;
And rising on the sudden he said, ' Eat !
I never yet beheld a thing so pale.
God's curse, it makes me mad to see you weep.
Eat ! Look yourself. Good luck had your good
man,
For were I dead who is it would weep for me ?
Sweet lady, never since I first drew breath
Have I beheld a lily like yourself.
And so there lived some colour in your cheek,
There is not one among my gentlewomen
Were fit to wear your slipper for a glove.
But listen to me, and by me be ruled,
And I will do the thing I have not done,

For ye shall share my earldom with me, girl,
And we will live like two birds in one nest,
And I will fetch you forage from all fields,
For I compel all creatures to my will.'

He spoke : the brawny spearman let his cheek
Bulge with the unswallow'd piece, and turning
stared ;

While some, whose souls the old serpent long had
drawn

Down, as the worm draws in the wither'd leaf
And makes it earth, hiss'd each at other's ear
What shall not be recorded—women they,
Women, or what had been those gracious things,
But now desired the humbling of their best,
Yea, would have help'd him to it : and all at once
They hated her, who took no thought of them,
But answer'd in low voice, her meek head yet
Drooping, ' I pray you of your courtesy,
He being as he is, to let me be.'

She spake so low he hardly heard her speak,
But like a mighty patron, satisfied
With what himself had done so graciously,
Assumed that she had thank'd him, adding, 'Yea,
Eat and be glad, for I account you mine.'

She answer'd meekly, 'How should I be glad
Henceforth in all the world at anything,
Until my lord arise and look upon me?'

Here the huge Earl cried out upon her talk,
'As all but empty heart and weariness
And sickly nothing; suddenly seized on her,
And bare her by main violence to the board,
And thrust the dish before her, crying, 'Eat.'

'No, no,' said Enid, vext, 'I will not eat
Till yonder man upon the bier arise,
And eat with me.' 'Drink, then,' he answer'd.
'Here!'

(And fill'd a horn with wine and held it to her,)
' Lo! I, myself, when flush'd with fight, or hot,
God's curse, with anger—often I myself,
before I well have drunken, scarce can eat :
Drink therefore and the wine will change your
will.'

' Not so,' she cried, ' by Heaven, I will not
drink
Till my dear lord arise and bid me do it,
And drink with me ; and if he rise no more,
I'll not look at wine until I die.'

At this he turn'd all red and paced his hall,
Now gnaw'd his under, now his upper lip,
And coming up close to her, said at last :
' Girl, for I see ye scorn my courtesies,
Take warning : yonder man is surely dead ;
And I compel all creatures to my will.
Not eat nor drink ? And wherefore wail for one,

Who put your beauty to this flout and scorn
 By dressing it in rags? Amazed am I,
 Beholding how ye butt against my wish,
 That I forbear you thus : cross me no more.
 At least put off to please me this poor gown,
 This silken rag, this beggar-woman's weed :
 I love that beauty should go beautifully :
 For see ye not my gentlewomen here,
 How gay, how suited to the house of one,
 Who loves that beauty should go beautifully ?
 Rise therefore ; robe yourself in this : obey.'

He spoke, and one among his gentlewomen
 Display'd a splendid silk of foreign loom,
 Where like a shoaling sea the lovely blue
 Play'd into green, and thicker down the front,
 'With jewels than the sward with drops of dew,
 When all night long a cloud clings to the hill,
 And with the dawn ascending lets the day
 Strike where it clung : so thickly shone the gems.

But Enid answer'd, harder to be moved
Than hardest tyrants in their day of power,
With life-long injuries burning unavenged,
And now their hour has come ; and Enid said :

‘ In this poor gown my dear lord found me
first,
And loved me serving in my father's hall :
In this poor gown I rode with him to court,
And there the Queen array'd me like the sun .
In this poor gown he bade me clothe myself,
When now we rode upon this fatal quest
Of honour, where no honour can be gain'd :
And this poor gown I will not cast aside
Until himself arise a living man,
And bid me cast it. I have griefs enough
Pray you be gentle, pray you let me be :
I never loved, can never love but him :
Yea, God, I pray you of your gentleness,
He being as he is, to let me be.’

Then strode the brute Earl up and down his hall,
And took his russet beard between his teeth ;
Last, coming up quite close, and in his mood
Crying, 'I count it of no more avail,
Dame, to be gentle than ungentle with you ;
Take my salute,' unknighly with flat hand,
However lightly, smote her on the cheek.

Then Enid, in her utter helplessness,
And since she thought, 'He had not dared to do it,
Except he surely knew my lord was dead,'
Sent forth a sudden sharp and bitter cry,
As of a wild thing taken in the trap,
Which sees the trapper coming thro' the wood.

This heard Geraint, and grasping at his sword,
(It lay beside him in the hollow shield),
Made but a single bound, and with a sweep of it
Shore thro' the swarthy neck, and like a ball
The russet-bearded head roll'd on the floor.

So died Earl Doorm by him he counted dead.
And all the men and women in the hall
Rose when they saw the dead man rise, and fled
Yelling as from a spectre, and the two
Were left alone together, and he said :

‘ Enid, I have used you worse than that dead
man ;

Done you more wrong : we both have undergone
That trouble which has left me thrice your own :
Henceforward I will rather die than doubt.

And here I lay this penance on myself,
Not, tho’ mine own ears heard you yester-morn—
You thought me sleeping, but I heard you say,
I heard you say, that you were no true wife :
I swear I will not ask your meaning in it :
I do believe yourself against yourself,
And will henceforward rather die than doubt.’

And Enid could not say one tender word,

She felt so blunt and stupid at the heart :

She only pray'd him, ' Fly, they will return

And slay you ; fly, your charger is without,

My palfrey lost.' ' Then, Enid, shall you ride

Behind me.' ' Yea,' said Enid, ' let us go.'

And moving out they found the stately horse,

Who now no more a vassal to the thief,

But free to stretch his limbs in lawful fight,

Neigh'd with all gladness as they came, and

stoop'd

With a low whinny toward the pair : and she

Kiss'd the white star upon his noble front,

Glad also ; then Geraint upon the horse

Mounted, and reach'd a hand, and on his foot

She set her own and climb'd ; he turn'd his face

And kiss'd her climbing, and she cast her arms

About him, and at once they rode away.

And never yet, since high in Paradise

O'er the four rivers the first roses blew,

Came purer pleasure unto mortal kind
Than lived thro' her, who in that perilous hour
Put hand to hand beneath her husband's heart,
And felt him hers again : she did not weep,
But o'er her meek eyes came a happy mist
Like that which kept the heart of Eden green
Before the useful trouble of the rain :
Yet not so misty were her meek blue eyes
As not to see before them on the path,
Right in the gateway of the bandit hold,
A knight of Arthur's court, who laid his lance
In rest, and made as if to fall upon him.
Then, fearing for his hurt and loss of blood,
She, with her mind all full of what had chanced,
Shriek'd to the stranger 'Slay not a dead man !'
'The voice of Enid,' said the knight ; but she,
Beholding it was Edyrn son of Nudd,
Was moved so much the more, and shriek'd again,
'O cousin, slay not him who gave you life.'
And Edyrn moving frankly forward spake :

“ My lord Geraint, I greet you with all love ;
I took you for a bandit knight of Doorm ;
And fear not, Enid, I should fall upon him,
Who love you, Prince, with something of the love
Wherewith we love the Heaven that chastens us.
For once, when I was up so high in pride
That I was halfway down the slope to Hell,
‘ By overthrowing me you threw me higher.
Now, made a knight of Arthur’s Table Round,
And since I knew this Earl, when I myself
Was half a bandit in my lawless hour,
I come the mouthpiece of our King to Doorm
(The King is close behind me) bidding him
Disband himself, and scatter all his powers,
Submit, and hear the judgment of the King.’

‘ He hears the judgment of the King of kings,’
Cried the wan Prince ; ‘ and lo, the powers of
Doorm
Are scatter’d,’ and he pointed to the field,

Where, huddled here and there on mound and
knoll,

Were men and women staring and aghast,

While some yet fled ; and then he plainlier told

How the huge Earl lay slain within his hall.

But when the knight besought him, ' Follow me,

Prince, to the camp, and in the King's own ear

Speak what has chanced ; ye surely have endured

Strange chances here alone ;' that other flush'd,

And hung his head, and halted in reply,

Fearing the mild face of the blameless King,

And after madness acted question ask'd :

Till Edyrn crying, ' If ye will not go

To Arthur, then will Arthur come to you,'

' Enough,' he said, ' I follow,' and they went.

But Enid in their going had two fears,

One from the bandit scatter'd in the field,

And one from Edyrn. Every now and then,

When Edyrn rein'd his charger at her side,

She shrank a little. " In a hollow land.

. From which old fires have broken, men may fear
Fresh fire and ruin. He, perceiving, said :

‘ Fair and dear cousin, you that most had cause
To fear me, fear no longer, I am changed.

Yourself were first the blameless cause to make

My nature’s prideful sparkle in the blood

Break into furious flame ; being repulsed

By Yniol and yourself, I schemed and wrought

Until I overturn’d him ; then set up

(With one main purpose ever at my heart)

My haughty jousts, and took a paramour ;

Did her mock-honour as the fairest fair,

And, toppling over all antagonism,

So wax’d in pride, that I believed myself

Unconquerable, for I was wellnigh mad :

And, but for my main purpose in these jousts,

I should have slain your father, seized yourself.

I lived in hope that sometime you would come

To these my lists with him whom best you loved ;

And there, poor cousin, with your meek blue eyes,
The truest eyes that ever answer'd Heaven,
Behold me overturn and trample on him.
Then, had you cried, or knelt, or pray'd to me,
I should not less have kill'd him. And you came,—
But once you came,—and with your own true eyes
Beheld the man you loved (I speak as one
Speaks of a service done him) overthrow
My proud self, and my purpose three years old,
And set his foot upon me, and give me life.
There was I broken down ; there was I saved :
Tho' thence I rode all-shamed, hating the life
He gav' me, meaning to be rid of it.
And all the penance the Queen laid upon me
Was but to rest awhile within her court ;
Where first as sullen as a beast new-caged,
And waiting to be treated like a wolf,
Because I knew my deeds were known, I found,
Instead of scornful pity or pure scorn,
Such fine reserve and noble reticence,

Manners so kind, yet stately, such a grace
Of tenderest courtesy, that I began
To glance behind me at my former life,
And find that it had been the wolf's indeed :
And oft I talk'd with Dubric, the high saint,
Who, with mild heat of holy oratory,
Subdued me somewhat to that gentleness,
Which, when it weds with manhood, makes a
man,
And you were often there about the Queen,
But saw me not, or mark'd not if you saw ;
Nor did I care or dare to speak with you,
But kept myself aloof till I was changed ;
And fear not, cousin ; I am changed indeed.'

He spoke, and Enid easily believed,
Like simple noble natures, credulous
Of what they long for, good in friend or foe,
There most in those who most have done them ill.
And when they reach'd the camp the King himself

Advanced to greet them, and beholding her
Tho' pale, yet happy, ask'd her not a word,
But went apart with Edyrn, whom he held
In converse for a little, and return'd,
And, gravely smiling, lifted her from horse,
And kiss'd her with all pureness, brother-like,
And show'd an empty tent allotted her,
And glancing for a minute, till he saw her
Pass into it, turn'd to the Prince, and said :

‘ Prince, when of late ye pray'd me for my leave,
To move to your own land, and there defend
Your marches, I was prick'd with some reproof,
As one that let foul wrong stagnate and be,
By having look'd too much thro' alien eyes,
And wrought too long with delegated hands,
Not used mine own : but now behold me come
To cleanse this common sewes of all my realm,
With Edyrn and with others : have ye look'd
At Edyrn ? have ye seen how nobly changed ?

This work of his is great and wonderful.

His very face with change of heart is changed.

The world will not believe a man repents :

And this wise world of ours is mainly right.

Full seldom doth a man repent, or use

Both grace and will to pick the vicious quitch

Of blood and custom wholly out of him,

And make all clean, and plant himself afresh.

Edyrn has done it, weeding all his heart

As I will weed this land before I go.

I, therefore, made him of our Table Round,

Not rashly, but have proved him everyway

One of our noblest, our most valorous,

Sanest and most obedient : and indeed

This work of Edyrn wrought upon himself

After a life of violence, seems to me

A thousand-fold more great and wonderful

Than if some knight of mine, risking his life,

My subject with my subjects under him,

Should make an onslaught single on a realm

Of robbers, tho' he slew them one by one,
 And were himself nigh wounded to the death.

So spake the King ; low bow'd the Prince, and
 felt

His work was neither great nor wonderful,
 And past to Enid's tent ; and thither came
 The King's own leech to look into his hurt ;
 And Enid tended on him there ; and there
 Her constant motion round him, and the breath
 Of her sweet tendance hovering over him,
 Fill'd all the genial courses of his blood
 With deeper and with ever deeper love,
 As the south-west that blowing Bala lake
 Fills all the sacred Dee. So past the days.

But while Geraint lay healing of his hurt,
 The blameless King went forth and cast his eyes
 On each of all whom Uther left in charge
 Long since, to guard the justice of the King :

He look'd and found them wanting ; and as now
Men weed the white horse on the Berkshire hills
To keep him bright and clean as heretofore,
He rooted out the slothful officer
Or guilty, which for bribe had wink'd at wrong,
And in their chairs set up a stronger race
With hearts and hands, and sent a thousand men
To till the wastes, and moving everywhere
Clear'd the dark places and let in the law,
And broke the bandit holds and cleansed the land.

Then, when Geraint was whole again, they past
With Arthur to Caerleon upon Usk.
There the great Queen once more embraced her
friend,
And clothed her in apparel like the day.
And tho' Geraint could never take again
That comfort from their converse which he took
Before the Queen's fair name was breathed upon,
He rested well content that all was well.

Thence after tarrying for a space they rode,
And fifty knights rode with them to the shores
Of Severn, and they past to their own land.
And there he kept the justice of the King
So vigorously yet mildly, that all hearts
Applauded, and the spiteful whisper died :
And being ever foremost in the chase,
And victor at the tilt and tournament,
They call'd him the great Prince and man of men.
But Enid, whom her ladies loved to call
Enid the Fair, a grateful people named
Enid the Good ; and in their halls arose
The cry of children, Enids and Geraints
Of times to be ; nor did he doubt her more,
But rested in her fealty, till he crown'd
A happy life with a fair death, and fell
Against the heathen of the Northern Sea
In battle, fighting for the blameless King.





MERLIN AND VIVIEN





MERLIN AND VIVIEN.



STORM was coming, but the winds
were still,
And in the wild woods of Broceliande,
Before an oak, so hollow, huge and old
It look'd a tower of ruin'd masonwork,
At Merlin's feet the wily Vivien lay.

• The wily Vivien stole from Arthur's court :
She hated all the knights, and heard in thought
Their lavish comment when her name was named.
For once, when Arthur walking all alone,
Vext at a rumour issued from herself

Of some corruption crept among his knights,
Had met her, Vivien, being greeted fair,
Would fain have wrought upon his cloudy mood
With reverent eyes mock-loyal, shaken voice,
And flutter'd adoration, and at last
With dark sweet hints of some who prized him
more

Than who should prize him most ; at which the
King

Had gazed upon her blankly and gone by :
But one had watch'd, and had not held his
peace :

It made the laughter of an afternoon
That Vivien should attempt the blameless King.
And after that, she set herself to gain
Him, the most famous man of all those times,
Merlin, who knew the range of all their arts,
Had built the King his havens, ships, and halls,
Was also Bard, and knew the starry heavens ;
The people call'd him Wizard ; whom at first

She play'd about with slight and sprightly talk,
 And vivid smiles, and faintly-venom'd points
 Of slander, glancing here and grazing there ;
 And yielding to his kindlier moods, the Seer
 Would watch her at her petulance, and play,
 Ev'n when they seem'd unloveable, and laugh
 As those that watch a kitten ; thus he grew
 Tolerant of what he half disdain'd, and she,
 Perceiving that she was but half disdain'd,
 Began to break her sports with graver fits,
 Turn red or pale, would often when they met
 Sigh fully, or all-silent gaze upon him
 With such a fixt devotion, that the old man,
 Tho' doubtful, felt the flattery, and at times
 Would flatter his own wish in age for love,
 And half believe her true : for thus at times
 He waver'd ; but that other clung to him,
 Fixt in her will, and so the seasons went.

Then fell on Merlin a great melancholy ;

He walk'd with dreams and darkness, and he
found

A doom that ever poised itself to fall,
An ever-moaning battle in the mist,
World-war of dying flesh against the life,
Death in all life and lying in all love,
The meanest having power upon the highest,
And the high purpose broken by the worm.

So leaving Arthur's court he gain'd the beach ;
There found a little boat, and 'stept into it ;
'And Vivien follow'd, but he mark'd her not.
She took the helm and he the sail ; the boat
Drave with a sudden wind across the deeps,
And touching Breton sands, they disembark'd.
And then she follow'd Merlin all the way,
Ev'n to the wild woods of Broceliande.
For Merlin once had told her of a charm,
The which if any wrought on anyone
With woven paces and with waving arms,

The man so wrought on ever seem'd to lie
 Closed in the four walls of a hollow tower,
 From which was no escape for evermore ;
 And none could find that man for evermore,
 Nor could he see but him who wrought the charm
 Coming and going, and he lay as dead
 And lost to life and use and name and fame.
 And Vivien ever sought to work the charm
 Upon the great Enchanter of the Time,
 As fancying that her glory would be great
 According to his greatness whom she quench'd.

There lay she all her length and kiss'd his feet,
 As if in deepest reverence and in love.
 A twist of gold was round her hair ; a robe
 Of samite without price, that more exprest
 Than hid her, clung about her lissome limbs,
 In colour like the satin-shining palm
 On sallows in the windy gleams of March :
 And while she kiss'd them, crying, ' Trample me,

Dear feet, that I have follow'd thro' the world,
And I will pay you worship; tread me down
And I will kiss you for it;' he was mute:
So dark a forethought roll'd about his brain,
As on a dull day in an Ocean cave
The blind wave feeling round his long sea-hall
In silence: wherefore, when she lifted up
A face of sad appeal, and spake and said,
'O Merlin, do ye love me?' and again,
'O Merlin, do ye love me?' and once more,
'Great Master, do ye love me?' he was mute.
And lissome Vivien, holding by his heel,
Writhed toward him, slid up his knee and sat,
Behind his ankle twined her hollow feet
Together, curved an arm about his neck,
Clung like a snake; and letting her left hand
Droop from his mighty shoulder, as a leaf,
Made with her right a comb of pearl to part
The lists of such a beard as youth gone out
Had left in ashes: then he spoke and said,

Not looking at her, 'Who are wise in love
 Love most, say least,' and Vivien answer'd quick,
 'I saw the little elf-god eyeless once
 In Arthur's arras hall at Camelot :
 But neither eyes nor tongue—O stupid child !
 Yet you are wise who say it ; let me think
 Silence is wisdom : I am silent then,
 And ask no kiss ;' then adding all at once,
 'And lo, I clothe myself with wisdom,' drew
 The vast and shaggy mantle of his beard
 Across her neck and bosom to her knee,
 And call'd herself a gilded summer fly
 Caught in a great old tyrant spider's web,
 Who meant to eat her up in that wild wood
 Without one word. So Vivien call'd herself,
 But rather seem'd a lovely baleful star
 Veil'd in gray vapour ; till he sadly smiled :
 'To what request for what strange boon,' he
 said,
 'Are these your pretty tricks and fooleries,

O Vivien, the preamble ? yet my thanks,
For these have broken up my melancholy.'

And Vivien answer'd smiling saucily,
'What, O my Master, have ye found your voice ?
I bid the stranger welcome. Thanks at last !
But yesterday you never open'd lip,
Except indeed to drink : no cup had we :
In mine own lady palms I cull'd the spring
That gather'd trickling dropwise from the cleft,
And made a pretty cup of both my hands
'And offer'd you it kneeling : then you drank
And knew no more, nor gave me one poor word ;
O no more thanks than might a goat have given
With no more sign of reverence than a beard.
And when we halted at that other well,
And I was faint to swooning, and you lay
Foot-gift with all the blossom-dust of those
Deep meadows we had traversed, did you know
That Vivien bathed your feet before her own ?

And yet no thanks: and all thro' this wild wood
 And all this morning when I fondled you :
 Boon, ay, there was a boon, one not so strange—
 How had I wrong'd you? surely ye are wise,
 But such a silence is more wise than kind.'

And Merlin lock'd his hand in hers and said :
 ' O did ye never lie upon the shore,
 And watch the curl'd white of the coming wave
 Glass'd in the slippery sand before it breaks?
 Ev'n such a wave, but not so pleasurable,
 Dark in the glass of some presageful mood,
 Had I for three days seen, ready to fall.
 And then I rose and fled from Arthur's court
 To break the mood. You follow'd me unask'd ;
 And when I look'd, and saw you following still,
 My mind involved yourself the nearest thing
 In that mind-mist: for shall I tell you truth?
 You seem'd that wave about to break upon me
 And sweep me from my hold upon the world,

My use and name and fame. Your pardon, child.
Your pretty sports have brighten'd all again.
And ask your boon, for boon I owe you thrice,
Once for wrong done you by confusion, next
For thanks it seems till now neglected, last
For these your dainty gambols: wherefore ask;
And take this boon so strange and not so strange.'

And Vivien answer'd smiling mournfully :
'O not so strange as my long asking it,
Nor yet so strange as you yourself are strange,
Nor half so strange as that dark mood of yours.
I ever fear'd ye were not wholly mine ;
And see, yourself have own'd ye did me wrong.
The people call you prophet : let it be :
But not of those that can expound themselves.
Take Vivien for expounder ; she will call
That three-days-long presageful gloom of yours
No presage, but the same mistrustful mood
That makes you seem less noble than yourself,

Whenever I have ask'd this very boon,
 Now ask'd again : for see you not, dear love,
 That such a mood as that, which lately gloom'd
 Your fancy when ye saw me following you,
 Must make me fear still more you are not mine,
 Must make me yearn still more to prove you mine,
 And make me wish still more to learn this charm
 Of woven paces and of waving hands,
 As proof of trust. O, Merlin, teach it me.
 The charm so taught will charm us both to rest.
 For, grant me some slight power upon your fate,
 I, feeling that you felt me worthy trust,
 Should rest and let you rest, knowing you mine. ♦
 And therefore be as great as ye are named,
 Not muffled round with selfish reticence.
 How hard you look and how denyingly !
 O, if you think this wickedness in me,
 That I should prove it on you unawares,
 That makes me passing wrathful ; then our bond.
 Had best be loosed for ever : but think or not,

By Heaven that hears I tell you the clean
truth,

As clean as blood of babes, as white as milk :

O Merlin, may this earth, if ever I,

If these unwitty wandering wits of mine,

Ev'n in the jumbled rubbish of a dream,

Have tript on such conjectural treachery—

May this hard earth cleave to the Nadir hell

Down, down, and close again, and nip me flat,

If I be such a traitress. Yield my boon,

Till which I scarce can yield you all I am ;

And grant my re-reiterated wish,

The great proof of your love : because I think,

However wise, ye hardly know me yet.'

And Merlin loosed his hand from hers and said,

'I never was less wise, however wise,

'Too curious Vivien, tho' you talk of trust,

Than when I told you first of such a charm.

Yea, if ye talk of trust I tell you this,

Too much I trusted when I told you that,
 And stirr'd this vice in you which ruin'd man
 Thro' woman the first hour ; for howsoe'er
 In children a great curiousness be well,
 Who have to learn themselves and all the world,
 In you, that are no child, for still I find
 Your face is practised when I spell the lines,
 I call it,—well, I will not call it vice :
 But since you name yourself the summer fly,
 I well could wish a cobweb for the gnat,
 That settles, beatch back, and beaten back
 Settles, till one could yield for weariness :
 But since I will not yield to give you power
 Upon my life and use and name and fame,
 Why will ye never ask some other boon ?
 Yea, by God's rood, I trusted you too much.'

And Vivien, like the tenderest-hearted maid
 That ever bided tryst at village stile,
 Made answer, either eyelid wet with tears :

‘ Nay, Master, be not wrathful with your
maid ;

Caress her : let her feel herself forgiven

Who feels no heart to ask another boon.

I think ye hardly know the tender rhyme

Of “ trust me not at all or all in all.”

I heard the great Sir Lancelot sing it once,

And it shall answer for me. Listen to it.

“ In Love, if Love be Love, if Love be ours,

Faith and unfaith can ne’er be equal powers :

Unfaith in aught is want of faith in all.

“ It is the little rift within the lute,

That by and by will make the music mute,

And ever widening slowly silence all

“ The little rift within the lover’s lute

Or little pitted speck in garner’d fruit,

That rotting inward slowly moulders all.

“It is not worth the keeping : let it go :
But shall it ? answer, darling, answer, no.
And trust me not at all or all in all.”

O, Master, do ye love my tender rhyme ?’

And Merlin look’d and half believed her true,
So tender was her voice, so fair her face,
So sweetly gleam’d her eyes behind her tears
Like sunlight on the plain behind a shower :
And yet he answer’d half indignantly :

‘Far other was the song that once I heard
By this huge oak, sung nearly where we sit :
For here we met, some ten or twelve of us,
To chase a creature that was current then
In these wild woods, the hart with golden horns.
It was the time when first the question rose
About the founding of a Table Round,
That was to be, for love of God and men

And noble deeds, the flower of all the world.

And each incited each to noble deeds.

And while we waited, one, the youngest of us,

We could not keep him silent, out he flash'd,

And into such a song, such fire for fame,

Such trumpet-blowings in it, coming down

To such a stern and iron-clashing close,

That when he stopt we long'd to hurl together,

And should have done it; but the beautiful beast

Scared by the noise upstart at our feet,

And like a silver shadow slipt away

Thro' the dim land; and all day long we rode

Thro' the dim land against a rushing wind,

That glorious roundel echoing in our ears,

And chased the flashes of his golden horns

Until they vanish'd by the fairy well

That laughs at iron—as our warriors did—

Where children cast their pins and nails, and

cry,

“Laugh, little well!” but touch it with a sword,

It buzzes fiercely round the point ; and there
We lost him : such a noble song was that.
But, Vivien, when you sang me that sweet rhyme,
I felt as tho' you knew this cursed charm,
Were proving it on me, and that I lay
And felt them slowly ebbing, name and fame.'

And Vivien answer'd smiling mournfully :
' O mine have ebb'd away for evermore,
And all thro' following you to this wild wood,
Because I saw you sad, to comfort you.
Lo now, what hearts have men! they never mount
As high as woman in her selfless mood.
And touching fame, howe'er ye scorn my song,
Take one verse more—the lady speaks it—this :

“ My name, once mine, now thine, is cheslier
mine,
For fame, could fame be mine, that fame were
thine,

And shame, could shame be thine, that shame
were mine.

So trust me not at all or all in all."

‘ Says she not well ? and there is more—this
rhyme

Is like the fair pearl-necklace of the Queen,
That burst in dancing, and the pearls were spilt ;
Some lost, some stolen, some as relics kept.
But nevermore the same two sister pearls
Ran down the silken thread to kiss each other
On her white neck—so is it with this rhyme :
It lives dispersedly in many hands,
And every minstrel sings it differently ;
Yet is there one true line, the pearl of pearls :
“ Man dreams of Fame while woman wakes to
“love.”

Yea ! Love, tho' Love were of the grossest, carves
A portion from the solid present, eats
And uses, careless of the rest ; but Fame,

The Fame that follows death is nothing to us ;
And what is Fame in life but half-disfame,
And counterchanged with darkness ? ye yourself
Know well that Envy calls you Devil's son,
And since ye seem the Master of all Art,
They fain would make you Master of all vice.'

And Merlin lock'd his hand in hers and said,
'I once was looking for a magic weed,
And found a fair young squire who sat alone,
Had carved himself a knightly shield of wood,
And then was painting on it fancied arms,
Azure, an Eagle rising or, the Sun
In dexter chief ; the scroll " I follow fame."
And speaking not, but leaning over him,
I took his brush and blotted out the bird,
And made a Gardener putting in a graff,
With this for motto, " Rather use than fame."
You should have seen him blush ; but afterwards
He made a stalwart knight. O Vivien,

For you, methinks you think you love me well ;
For me, I love you somewhat ; rest : and Love
Should have some rest and pleasure in himself,
Not ever be too curious for a boon,
Too prurient for a proof against the grain
Of him ye say ye love : but Fame with men,
Being but ampler means to serve mankind,
Should have small rest or pleasure in herself,
But work as vassal to the larger love,
That dwarfs the petty love of one to one.
Use gave me Fame at first, and Fame again
Increasing gave me use. Lo, there my boon !
What other ? for men sought to prove me vile,
Because I fain had given them greater wits :
And then did Envy call me Devil's son :
The sick weak beast seeking to help herself
By striking at her better, miss'd, and brought
Her own claw back, and wounded her own heart.
Sweet were the days when I was all unknown,
But when my name was lifted up, the storm

Brake on the mountain and I cared not for it.
 Right well know I that Fame is half-disfame,
 Yet needs must work my work. That other fame,
 To one at least, who hath not children, vague,
 The cackle of the unborn about the grave,
 I cared not for it : a single misty star,
 Which is the second in a line of stars
 That seem a sword beneath a belt of three,
 I never gazed upon it but I dreamt
 Of some vast charm concluded in that star
 To make fame nothing. Wherefore, if I fear,
 Giving you power upon me thro' this charm,
 That you might play me falsely, having power,
 However well ye think ye love me now
 (As sons of kings loving in pupillage
 Have turn'd to tyrants when they came to power)
 I rather dread the loss of use than fame ;
 If you—and not so much from wickedness,
 As some wild turn of anger, or a mood
 Of overstrain'd affection, it may be,

To keep me all to your own self,—or else
A sudden spurt of woman's jealousy,—
Should try this charm on whom ye say ye love.'

And Vivien answer'd smiling as in wrath:

'Have I not sworn? I am not trusted. Good!

Well, hide it, hide it; I shall find it out;

And being found take heed of Vivien.

A woman and not trusted, doubtless I

Might feel some sudden turn of anger born

Of your misfaith; and your fine epithet

Is accurate too, for this full love of mine

Without the full heart back may merit well

Your term of overstrain'd. So used as I,

My daily wonder is, I love at all.

And as to woman's jealousy, O why not?

Of to what end, except a jealous one,

And one to make me jealous if I love,

Was this fair charm invented by yourself?

I well believe that all about this world

Ye cage a buxom captive here and there,
Closed in the four walls of a hollow tower
From which is no escape for evermore.'

'Then the great Master merrily answer'd her :
' Full many a love in loving youth was mine ;
I needed then no charm to keep them mine
But youth and love ; and that full heart of yours
Whereof ye prattle, may now assure you mine ;
So live uncharm'd. For those who wrought it
first,

The wrist is parted from the hand that waved,
The feet unmortised from their ankle-bones
Who paced it, ages back : but will ye hear
The legend as in guerdon for your rhyme ?

' There lived a king in the most Eastern East,
Less old than I, yet older, for my blood
Hath earnest in it of far springs to be.
A tawny pirate anchor'd in his port,

Whose bark had plunder'd twenty nameless isles ;
And passing one, at the high peep of dawn,
He saw two cities in a thousand boats
All fighting for a woman on the sea.
And pushing his black craft among them all,
He lightly scatter'd theirs and brought her off,
With loss of half his people arrow-slain ;
A maid so smooth, so white, so wonderful,
They said a light came from her when she moved :
And since the pirate would not yield her up,
The King impaled him for his piracy ;
Then made her Queen: but those isle-nurtured
eyes

Waged such unwilling tho' successful war
On all the youth, they sicken'd ; councils thinn'd,
And armies waned, for magnet-like she drew
The rustiest iron of old fighters' hearts ;
And beasts themselves would worship ; camels
knelt

Unbidden, and the brutes of mountain back

That carry kings in castles, bow'd black knees
Of homage, ringing with their serpent hands,
To make her smile, her golden ankle-bells.
What wonder, being jealous, that he sent
His horns of proclamation out thro' all
The hundred under-kingdoms that he sway'd
To find a wizard who might teach the King
Some charm, which being wrought upon the
Queen

Might keep her all his own : to such a one
He promised more than ever king has given,
A league of mountain full of golden mines,
A province with a hundred miles of coast,
A palace and a princess, all for him :
But on all those who tried and fail'd, the King
Pronounced a dismal sentence meaning by it
To keep the list low and pretenders back,
Or like a king, not to be trifled with—
Their heads should moulder on the city gates.
And many tried and fail'd, because the charm

Of nature in her overbore their own :
And many a wizard brow bleach'd on the walls :
And many weeks a troop of carrion crows
Hung like a cloud above the gateway towers.'

And Vivien breaking in upon him, said :
'I sit and gather honey ; yet, methinks,
'Thy tongue has tript a little : ask thyself.
The lady never made *unwilling* war
With those fine eyes : she had her pleasure in it,
And made her good man jealous with good cause.
'And lived there neither dame nor damsel then
Wroth at a lover's loss ? were all as tame,
I mean, as noble, as their Queen was fair ?
Not one to flirt a venom at her eyes,
Or pinch a murderous dust into her drink,
Or make her paler with a poison'd rose ?
Well, those were not our days : but did they
find
A wizard ? Tell me, was he like to thee ?'

She ceased, and made her lithe arm round his
neck

Tighten, and then drew back, and let her eyes
Speak for her, glowing on him, like a bride's
On her new lord, her own, the first of men.

He answer'd laughing, 'Nay, not like to me.
At last they found—his foragers for charms—
A little glassy-headed hairless man,
Who lived alone in a great wild on grass;
Read but one book,* and ever reading grew
So grated down and filed away with thought,
So lean his eyes were monstrous; while the skin
Clung but to crate and basket, ribs and spine.
And since he kept his mind on one sole aim,
Nor ever touch'd fierce wine, nor tasted flesh,
Nor own'd a sensual wish, to him the wall
That sunders ghosts and shadow-casting men
Became a crystal, and he saw them thro' it,
And heard their voices talk behind the wall

And learnt their elemental secrets, powers
And forces ; often o'er the sun's bright eye
Drew the vast eyelid of an inky cloud,
And lash'd it at the base with slanting storm ;
Or in the noon of mist and driving rain,
When the lake whiten'd and the pinewood roar'd,
And the cairn'd mountain was a shadow, sunn'd
The world to peace again : here was the man.
And so by force they dragg'd him to the King.
And then he taught the King to charm the Queen ;
In such-wise, that no man could see her more,
Nor saw she save the King, who wrought the
charm,
Coming and going, and she lay as dead,
And lost all use of life : but when the King
Made proffer of the league of golden mines,
The province with a hundred miles of coast,
The palace and the princess, that old man
Went back to his old wild, and lived on grass,
And vanish'd, and his book came down to me.'

And Vivien answer'd smiling saucily :

'Ye have the book : the charm is written in it :
Good : take my counsel : let me know it at
once :

For keep it like a puzzle chest in chest,
With each chest lock'd and padlock'd thirty-fold,
And whelm all this beneath as vast a mound
As after furious battle turfs the slain
On some wild down above the windy deep,
I yet should strike upon a sudden means
To dig, pick, open, find and read the charm :
Then, if I tried it, who should blame me then ?'

And smiling as a master smiles at one
That is not of his school, nor any school
'But that where blind and naked Ignorance
Delivers brawling judgments, unashamed,
On all things all day long, he answer'd her :

'Thou read the book, my pretty Vivien !

O, ay, it is but twenty pages long,
But every page having an ample marge,
And every marge enclosing in the midst
A square of text that looks a little blot,
The text no larger than the limbs of fleas;
And every square of text an awful charm,
Writ in a language that has long gone by.
So long, that mountains have arisen since
With cities on their flanks—thou read the book!
And every margin scribbled, crost, and cramm'd
With comment, densest condensation, hard
To mind and eye; but the long sleepless nights
Of my long life have made it easy to me.
And none can read the text, not even I;
And none can read the comment but myself;
And in the comment did I find the charm.
O, the results are simple; a mere child
Might use it to the harm of anyone,
And never could undo it: ask no more:
For tho' you should not prove it upon me,

But keep that oath ye sware, ye might, per-
chance,

Assay it on some one of the Table Round,
And all because ye dream they babble of you.'

And Vivien, frowning in true anger, said :

'What dare the full-fed liars say of me ?

They ride abroad redressing human wrongs !

They sit with knife in meat and wine in horn.

They bound to holy vows of chastity !

Were I not woman, I could tell a tale.

But you are man, you well can understand

The shame that cannot be explain'd for shame.

Not one of all the drove should touch me : swine !'

Then answer'd Merlin careless of her words :

'You breathe but accusation vast and vague,

Spleen-born, I think, and proofless. If ye know,

Set up the charge ye know, to stand or fall !'

And Vivien answer'd frowning wrathfully :

‘O ay, what say ye to Sir Valence, him
Whose kinsman left him watcher o’er his wife
And two fair babes, and went to distant lands ;
Was one year gone, and on returning found,
Not two but three ? there lay the reckling, one
But one hour old ! What said the happy sire ?
A seven-months’ babe had been a truer gift.
Those twelve sweet moons confused his father-
hood.’

Then answer’d Merlin, ‘Nay, I know the tale.
Sir Valence wedded with an outland dame :
Some cause had kept him sunder’d from his wife :
One child they had : it lived with her : she died :
His kinsman travelling on his own affair
Was charged by Valence to bring home the child.
He brought, not found it therefore : take the
truth.’

‘O ay,’ said Vivien, ‘overtrue a tale.

What say ye then to sweet Sir Sagramore,
That ardent man? "to pluck the flower in season,"
So says the song, "I trow it is no treason."

O Master, shall we call him overquick

To crop his own sweet rose before the hour?'

And Merlin answer'd, 'Overquick art thou
To catch a loathly plume fall'n from the wing
Of that foul bird of rapine whose whole prey
Is man's good name: he never wrong'd his bride.
I know the tale. An angry gust of wind
Puff'd out his torch among the myriad-room'd
And many-corridor'd complexities
Of Arthur's palace: then he found a door,
And darkling felt the sculptured ornament
That wreathen round it made it seem his own;
And wearied out made for the couch and slept,
A stainless man beside a stainless maid;
And either slept, nor knew of other there;
Till the high dawn piercing the royal rose

In Arthur's casement glimmer'd chastely down,
Blushing upon them blushing; and at once
He rose without a word and parted from her :
But when the thing was blazed about the court,
The brute world howling forced them into bonds,
And as it chanced they are happy, being pure.'

'O ay,' said Vivien, 'that were likely too.
What say ye then to fair Sir Percivale
And of the horrid foulness that he wrought,
The saintly youth, the spotless lamb of Christ,
Of some black wether of St. Satan's fold.
What, in the precincts of the chapel-yard,
Among the knightly brasses of the graves,
And by the cold Hic Jacets of the dead !'

And Merlin answer'd careless of her charge,
'A sober man is Percivale and pure ;
But once in life was fluster'd with new wine,
Then paced for coolness in the chapel-yard ;

Where one of Satan's shepherdesses caught
 And meant to stamp him with her master's mark;
 And that he sinn'd is not believable;
 For, look upon his face!—but if he sinn'd,
 • The sin that practice burns into the blood,
 And not the one dark hour which brings remorse,
 Will brand us, after, of whose fold we be:
 Or else were he, the holy king, whose hymns
 Are chanted in the minster, worse than all.
 But is your spleen froth'd out, or have ye more?

And Vivien answer'd frowning yet in wrath:
 'O ay; what say ye to Sir Lancelot, friend?
 Traitor or true? that commerce with the Queen,
 I ask you, is it clamour'd by the child,
 Or whisper'd in the corner? do ye know it?'

To which he answer'd sadly, 'Yea, I know it.
 Sir Lancelot went ambassador, at first,
 To fetch her, and she watch'd him from her walls.

A rumour runs, she took him for the King,
So fixt her fancy on him : let them be.
But have ye no one word of loyal praise
For Arthur, blameless King and stainless man ?

She answer'd with a low and chuckling laugh :
'Man ! is he man at all, who knows and winks ?
Sees what his fair bride is and does, and winks ?
By which the good King means to blind himself,
And blinds himself and all the Table Round
To all the foulness that they work. Myself
Could call him (were it not for womanhood)
The pretty, popular name such manhood earns,
Could call him the main cause of all their crime ;
Yea, were he not crown'd King, coward, and fool.'

Then Merlin to his own heart, loathing, said :
'O true and tender ! O my liege and King !
O selfless man and stainless gentleman,
Who wouldst against thine own eye-witness fair

Have all men true and leal, all women pure ;
How, in the mouths of base interpreters,
From over-fineness not intelligible
To things with every sense as false and foul
As the poach'd filth that floods the middle street,
Is thy white blamelessness accounted blame !

But Vivien, deeming Merlin overborne
By instance, recommenced, and let her tongue
Rage like a fire among the noblest names,
Polluting, and imputing her whole self,
Defaming and defacing, till she left
Not even Lancelot brave, nor Galahad clean.

Her words had issue other than she will'd.
He dragg'd his eyebrow bushes down, and made
A snowy penthouse for his hollow eyes,
And mutter'd in himself, 'Tell her the charm !
So, if she had it, would she rail on me
To snare the next, and if she have it not,

So will she rail. What did the wanton say ?
"Not mount as high ;" we scarce can sink as low :
For men at most differ as Heaven and earth,
But women, worst and best, as Heaven and Hell.
I know the Table Round, my friends of old ;
All brave, and many generous, and some chaste.
She cloaks the scar of some repulse with lies ;
I well believe she tempted them and fail'd,
Being so bitter : for fine plots may fail,
Tho' harlots paint their talk as well as face
With colours of the heart that are not theirs.
I will not let her know : nine tithes of times
Face-flatterer and backbiter are the same.
And they, sweet soul, that most impute a crime
Are pronest to it, and impute themselves,
Wanting the mental range ; or low desire
Not to feel lowest makes them level all ;
Yea, they would pare the mountain to the plain,
To leave an equal baseness ; and in this
Are harlots like the crowd, that if they find

Some stain or blemish in a name of note,
 Not grieving that their greatest are so small,
 Inflate themselves with some insane delight,
 And judge all nature from her feet of clay,
 • Without the will to lift their eyes, and see
 Her godlike head crown'd with spiritual fire,
 And touching other worlds. I am weary of her.'

He spoke in words part heard, in whispers part,
 Half-suffocated in the hoary fell
 And many-winter'd fleece of throat and chin.
 But Vivien, gathering somewhat of his mood,
 And hearing 'harlot' mutter'd twice or thrice,
 Leapt from her session on his lap, and stood
 Stiff as a viper frozen; loathsome sight,
 How from the rosy lips of life and love,
 Flash'd the bare-grinning skeleton of death!
 White was her cheek; sharp breaths of anger
 puff'd
 Her fairy nostril out; her hand half-clench'd

Went faltering sideways downward to her belt,
And feeling ; had she found a dagger there
(For in a wink the false love turns to hate)
She would have stabb'd him ; but she found it not :
His eye was calm, and suddenly she took
To bitter weeping like a beaten child,
A long, long weeping, not consolable.
Then her false voice made way, broken with sobs :

‘O crueller than was ever told in tale,
Or sung in song ! O vainly lavish'd love !
O cruel, there was nothing wild or strange,
Or seeming shameful—for what shame in love,
So love be true, and not as yours is—nothing
Poor Vivien had not done to win his trust
Who call'd her what he call'd her—all her crime,
All—all—the wish to prove him wholly hers.’

She mused a little, and then clapt her hands
Together with a wailing shriek, and said :

‘ Stabb’d through the heart’s affections to the
heart !

Seethed like the kid in its own mother’s milk !

Kill’d with a word worse than a life of blows !

‘ I thought that he was gentle, being great :

O God, that I had loved a smaller man !

I should have found in him a greater heart.

O, I, that flattering my true passion, saw

The knights, the court, the King, dark in your light,

Who loved to make men darker than they are,

Because of that high pleasure which I had

‘ To seat you sole upon my pedestal

Of worship—I am answer’d, and henceforth

The course of life that seem’d so flowery to me

With you for guide and master, only you,

Becomes the sea-cliff pathway broken short,

And ending in a ruin—nothing left,

But into some low cave to crawl, and there,

If the wolf spare me, weep my life away,

Kill’d with inutterable unkindliness.’

She paused, she turn'd away, she hung her head,
The snake of gold slid from her hair, the braid
Slipt and uncoil'd itself, she wept afresh,
And the dark wood grew darker toward the storm
In silence, while his anger slowly died
Within him, till he let his wisdom go.
For ease of heart, and half believed her true :
Call'd her to shelter in the hollow oak,
'Come from the storm,' and having no reply,
Gazed at the heaving shoulder, and the face
Hand-hidden, as for utmost grief or shame ;
Then thrice essay'd, by tenderest-touching terms,
To sleek her ruffled peace of mind, in vain.
At last she let herself be conquer'd by him,
And as the cageling newly flown returns,
The seeming-injured simple-hearted thing
Came to her old perch back, and settled there.
There while she sat, half-falling from his knees,
Half-nestled at his heart, and since he saw
The slow tear creep from her closed eyelid yet,

About her, more in kindness than in love,
 The gentle wizard cast a shielding arm.
 But she dislink'd herself at once and rose,
 Her arms upon her breast across, and stood,
 A virtuous gentlewoman deeply wrong'd,
 Upright and flush'd before him : then she said :

‘ There must be now no passages of love
 Betwixt us twain henceforward evermore ;
 Since, if I be what I am grossly call’d,
 What should be granted which your own gross
 heart

Would reckon worth the taking ? I will go.
 In truth, but one thing now—better have died
 Thrice than have ask’d it ~~once~~—could make me
 stay—

That proof of trust—so often ask’d in vain !
 How justly, after that vile term of yours,
 I find with grief ! I might believe you then,
 Who knows ? once more. Lo ! what was once to me

'Mere matter of the fancy, now hath grown

'The vast necessity of heart and life.

Farewell ; think gently of me, for I fear

My fate or folly, passing gayer youth

For one so old, must be to love thee still.

But ere I leave thee let me swear once more

That if I schemed against thy peace in this,

May yon just heaven, that darkens o'er me, send

One flash, that, missing all things else, may make

My scheming brain a cinder, if I lie.'

Scarce had she ceased, when out of heaven a bolt
(For now the storm was close above them) struck,

Furrowing a giant oak, and javelining

With darted spikes and splinters of the wood

The dark earth round. He raised his eyes and

'The tree that shone white-listed thro' the gloom.

But Vivien, fearing heaven had heard her oath,

And dazzled by the livid-flickering fork,

And deafen'd with the stammering cracks and
claps

That follow'd, flying back and crying out,

'O Merlin, tho' you do not love me, save,

Yet save me!' clung to him and hugg'd him close;

And call'd him dear protector in her fright,

Nor yet forgot her practice in her fright,

But wrought upon his mood and hugg'd him close.

The pale blood of the wizard at her touch

Took gayer colours, like an opal warm'd.

She blamed herself for telling hearsay tales :

She shook from fear, and for her fault she wept

Of petulancy ; she call'd him lord and liege,

Her seer, her bard, her silver ear of eve,

Her God, her Merlin, the one passionate love

Of her whole life, and ever overhead

Bellow'd the tempest, and the rotten branch

Snapt in the rushing of the river-rain

Above them ; and in change of glare and gloom

Her eyes and neck glittering went and came ;

Till now the storm, its burst of passion spent,
 Meaning and calling out of other lands,
 Had left the ravaged woodland yet once more
 To peace; and what should not have been had
 been,

For Merlin, overtalk'd and overworn,
 Had yielded, told her all the charm, and slept.

Then, in one moment, she put forth the charm
 Of woven paces and of waving hands,
 And in the hollow oak he lay as dead,
 And lost to life and use and name and fame.

Then crying 'I have made his glory mine,'
 And shrieking out '~~wool~~' the harlot leapt
 Adown the forest, and the thicket closed
 Behind her, and the forest echo'd '~~wool~~.'

END OF VOL. V.

